NOVEMBER 1, 1884.

Cheap Land! Cheap Transportation! Pure Water

THE TEMECULA

Land & Water Co.

HAVE SUBDIVIDED

A Tract of 14,000 Acres of Land in the noted Temecula Valley, in San Diego County. This beautiful Valley is on the line of the California Southern R. R. 60 miles south of Colton, and 75 miles north of San Diego. The Railroad runs through the center of the Valley for six miles.

CLIMATE.

This Tract has an elevation of 1000 feet above the sea level, and is distant from the coast 20 miles, with no intervening mountain ranges to impede the cooling sea breezes. The days are never hot and the nights are always cool and refreshing. It is so shut in by mountain ranges to the north and east as to be absolutely exempt from the hot and destructive northeast winds.

SOIL.

The valley soil is a rich, dark loam, easily tilled, and possessing when cultivated an extraordinary hold upon moisture. As an abundance of pure water can be had at depths varying from four to twelve feet, we claim that the land requires no irrigation, and sufficient has been done in the neighborhood to justify this view, but in case any one requires water, a single wind-mill will raise enough to irrigate many acres. Moreover, this valley is in the artesian belt, and the company propose sinking wells immediately. There are a great many fine springs on this ranch.

RAINFALL.

The average rainfall for the past eight years has been 18.66 inches, which, in the dryest season, has been sufficient to insure abundant crops.

WOOD AND LUMBER.

Oak wood can be had in abundance for $5 50 per cord, and rough lumber can be had for $23 per thousand.

TEMECULA HOT SPRINGS.

These fine Springs are justly famous for their many cures of Rheumatism, Kidney and kindred diseases. These springs have been analyzed by Dr. Wormington of Los Angeles, who finds that their healing properties consist of sulphur, soda and iron.

HOTEL, DEPOT, ETC.

A neat Hotel, containing 30 rooms, and a nice station building for the railroad company are being erected.

The Directors of the Presbyterian College, of Chicago, intend putting up a college building as soon as practicable.

TOWN SITE, PARK, ETC.

A town site has been laid out, and land for the Park, Church, School-house and Sanitarium set to one side. The water from the hot springs will be piped to a beautiful site for the Sanitarium, overlooking the whole of the valley.

As a health resort this cannot be excelled, and barely equaled, in the State. The sea breezes, while cool and refreshing, have their harshness tempered in the intervening hills; while the 1000 feet of elevation give cool, dry and refreshing nights. The roads are superb—hard and free from dust. Game is abundant; while a ride by rail of 25 miles will take you to the beautiful beach and driving beach of Ocean-side.

PRICE OF LAND.

Land can be had at prices varying from $10 to $50 per acre, in lots to suit purchasers. These lands have a splendid reputation, and the demand is almost great. Parties desirous of purchasing can go to the ranch and make their selection how.

For further particulars inquire of

Charnock, Morrill & Robinson,

DEALERS IN REAL ESTATE.

CHARLES CHARNOCK, Rooms 11 and 12, Widney Block, First St., bet. Main and Spring, Los Angeles, Cal. P.O. Box 2?

C. L. MORRILL, Temecula, Cal.

W. E. ROBINSON, Colton, Cal.

Properties of all Descriptions for Sale in Southern California for Sale.

oct3-1m

CHEAP CLUB RATES.

SAVE MONEY on every paper or magazine you subscribe for, by clubbing with the Rural Californian. It makes no difference WHAT publication you want we can give you a reduction on the price. If you want several we will save you the cost of one of them, besides you will not have the trouble and expense of sending to each publisher. We can save you 50 cents on this paper alone. Send list of papers for our estimates before subscribing for any. Call at our office, Room 28, Baker Block, or address

RURAL CALIFORNIAN,

LOS ANGELES.

sep 13

SULTON SULPHUR WELLS

HEALTH AND PLEASURE RESORT.

Sulphur, Iron and pure Mountain drinking-water. Hot and Cold Mineral Baths. Unrivalled for curing Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Liver, Kidney and Skin Diseases. Rates for families, $2.50 per day; $15.00 per week; $10.00 per week, by the month. Special medical attendance, if desired, $5.00 per week for ordinary cases.

Parties coming from the station free of charge.

LOCATION 12 Miles from Los Angeles; 2 Miles from Norwalk Station, on the Santa Ana Railroad.

C. T. WIDNEY, M. D., Medical Supt.

J. M PIETLE, M. D., Assistant.

ELSINORE,

The New Colony on the California Southern Railroad Twenty Miles South of Riverside.

PROVED A GREAT SUCCESS. Over sixty farms, averaging about thirty acres, and for one hundred town lots have been sold. Thousands of trees have been set in orchard and vineyard. Two hotels built and streets graded. Our GRAND AVENUE, TEN MILES LONG; our lake, now at its highest at 95; our delightful climate, picturesque scenery, abundant rainfall and water facilities, rich soil, low prices—$25 to $50 PER ACRE, and upwards. Easy terms, one-third cash and balance at 8 per cent. interest, or make this the best offering on the market. For circulars and further particulars address the proprietors,

M. GRAHAM, Rooms 36 and 37, Nadeau Block, Los Angeles, Cal.,

H. MEALS, Elsinore, Cal.

WM. COLLIER, Elsinore, Cal.

ja29 6

LOS ANGELES DAILY TIMES.

VOL. V...NO. 284. LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, SUNDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 2, 1884.—SIX-PAGE EDITION. FIVE CENTS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CITY OF PARIS!

The Peerless Dry Goods Emporium of Southern California,

105 and 107 North Spring Street, Los Angeles.

GRAND OPENING---FALL AND WINTER, 1884.

Latest Parisian Styles, Magnificent Goods,

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS AND UNEQUALED LOW PRICES.

OUR ENORMOUS STOCK OF DRESS GOODS, SILKS AND VELVETS has arrived, and is

NOW BEING DISPLAYED!

Ladies in the city and the surrounding country are most cordially invited to call and inspect this most beautiful and complete stock. Nothing like it in Southern California.

In Styles, Quantity, Quality and Uniform Low Prices, we Lead.

☞ Goods marked in plain figures. ONE PRICE.

STERN, CAHN & LOEB.

my29 tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

Roswell Hart. Chas. E. Day.

CHARLES E. DAY & CO.

Pianos and Organs carefully selected by our Mr. Day, after a number of personal visits to each and all of the prominent Eastern factories, have been and are now constantly arriving. We note the arrival of

Three Car-Loads of

CHASE ORGANS

The past week.

All instruments shipped to us are constructed with special reference to the requirements of this (to musical instruments) most trying of climates. They comprise all the latest improvements of mechanism, and are finished in the most elegant designs of

Rosewood. French and Italian Walnut Cases.

Our specialties are the celebrated

Decker Brothers,

J. & C. Fischer,

Wheelock and

Emerson Pianos,

—AND—

Chase, Mason & Hamblin, Western Cottage, New England, Chicago Cottage and Wilcox & White Organs.

All instruments can be bought

On the Easiest Instalments!

Remember, we buy Direct from the Manufacturers—FOR CASH—and do not ship in less than car-load lots. Every instrument fully warranted from five to seven years.

Directly Opposite the Postoffice.

oct21 tf

Atlantic and Pacific Transfer Co.

—OFFICE:—

241 NORTH MAIN STREET, LOS ANGELES.

—DELIVERS—

Freight, Baggage and Merchandise

Baggage delivered throughout the city with promptness and dispatch. Pianos moved with care.

☞ Orders to Telephone No. 95 will receive prompt attention. C. V. BOQUET, Proprietor.

oct18f

TO THE LADIES.

WE WILL HAVE ON EXHIBITION ON Saturday, the 4th of this month, and every day thereafter, the finest selection of

Imported and Eastern Pattern Hats and Bonnets

Ever brought to Los Angeles. Also, a full line of Felt and Beaver Hats, in the latest styles, for ladies and children, and all the new colors in Trimmings, Birds, Feathers and Flowers. Ladies are cordially invited to give us a call.

MRS. D. GOTTHELF,

oct1 1m 118 First street, Nadeau Block.

FOR LAMPS,

Gas Fixtures. Crockery.

GLASSWARE,

Silver Plated Ware, Etc.,

GO TO HEADQUARTERS,

C. W. Gibson Company,

108, 110 & 112 N. Main.

oct2 1m

For Large Assortment

Mantels. Grates. Stoves,

RANGES,

House Furnishing Goods,

—GO TO—

Clapp Bros & Co.,

Nos. 30 & 32 North Spring St.

oct18 tf

FOR SALE.

66 ACRES OF CHOICE FRUIT LAND, with pure mountain water, near the base of the Sierra Madre Mountains. 1,000 feet above the sea, commanding one of the finest views in the world.

One of the best locations for persons afflicted with asthma, throat or lung trouble.

Rare opportunity to secure a bargain and make a beautiful home.

O. A. SWARTWOUT,

New York avenue, Pasadena Highlands.

oct3 1m

C. STEVENS AND F. E. STEVENS, DENTists. The best sets of teeth $5.00. Teeth extracted and replaced with new ones same day. Teeth without plates. All operations guaranteed. Rooms 18 and 19, Schumacher Block, opposite Postoffice. myt1f

AUCTION HOUSE.

A. T. WILDER'S AUCTION AND COMmission House—Poultry, furniture and other goods received and sold on short notice. Salesrooms, 123 First street. Address

A. T. WILDER,

oct 1m *Turner St., Los Angeles*

PORTRAIT PAINTING.

PORTRAITS PAINTED IN A SUPERIOR manner, in oil or pastel, by W. Thurston Black of New York. Special attention paid to copy ng photographs and types of deceased persons. A few pupils will be received on application at his studio, 112 South Fort street, near second street, second door from Presbyterian Church. sa19tf

MONEY TO LOAN.

THE LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK HAS money to loan on warehouse receipts for grain or merchandise.

GEO. H. BONEBRAKE,

oct9 tf Pres't.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

POMEROY & MILLS,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS. LOANS NEGOtiated. Notaries Public. Office cor. of Spring and Court streets, opposite Court House. sept1-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSUMPTION

And all the various diseases of the Head, Throat and Chest, including the

EYE, EAR AND HEART,

Successfully treated by

M. Hilton Williams, M. D. M. C. P. S. O.,

At 257 North Main st., opposite the Baker Block, Los Angeles, Cal.

PROPRIETOR OF THE DETROIT

Throat and Lung Institute,

—At Detroit, Michigan.—

Our California office is personally conducted by Dr. Williams, and is permanently established for the cure of

All diseases of the Head, Throat and Chest, viz: Catarrh, Hay Fever, Bleeding, Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption, Catarrhal Deafness, Catarrhal Opthalmia and Diseases of the Heart, by his new and improved system of Medicated Inhalations, which carry the remedies directly to the diseased parts, thereby effecting a cure in a few days, of so-called incurable cases, the great part of whom had not the slightest idea of ever being cured.

OZMENA.—Ozena is the professional or technical name given to an advanced form of catarrh in which ulceration has eaten through the membrane lining of the nose to the cartilage of the bone. In any case of catarrh and in ozena, but it most frequently occurs in those who are naturally scrofulous. The discharge is from place through the nostrils or through the throat, and is generally of a yellowish or greenish yellow color, frequently streaked with blood, and almost always attended by an offensive smell. In the language of Dr. Wood, of Philadelphia, "the disease is one of the most loathsome and disagreeable which the physician has to encount r. In bad cases the patient becomes a nuisance, or revolting as to isolate him from society, and to render him an object of disgust even to himself."

In some instances pieces of bone become separated and slough off, leaving deep, unhealthy sores which secrete a blood like matter and are extremely difficult to heal.

After Ozena has continued some time the sense of smell is destroyed or becomes very often lost.

Deafness is one of its most common consequences, and results from its extension through the eustachian tubes to the internal ear.

Pains in the head and over the frontal sinuses, impairing memory, and even insanity frequently spring from its extension to the brain.

The greatest danger, however, because the most common, is that it will extend downward and affect the lungs. In most cases of pulmonary disease, catarrh is present in some degree, and in many instances it causes a large share of the patient's discomfort.

Realizing these grave complications, all of which are liable to spring from scrofulous catarrh or Ozena, there are others which, if less dangerous, are unpleasantly unpleasant. It occasions great unhappiness to thousands of both sexes, by isolating them and preventing the many pleasures in life. The offensive running from the nose, with bad breath, is about as great a calamity as can befall young people. A positive cure can be effected in every case if taken in time.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Those who are desirous to consult me in regard to their cases had better call at my office for consultation and examination, but if impossible to do so can write them, or send for my Medical Treatise, containing a list of questions.

Address M. Hilton Williams, M. D.

275 North Main st., Los Angeles, Cal.

Office Hours: From 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. Sundays, from 4 to 5 p. m. Professional visits before and after office hours when required.

oct10 d&w

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIANS.

DR. G. H. BEACH. DR. M. FERNANDEZ.

DRS. BEACH & FERNANDEZ,

HOMŒOPATHISTS. Office, 106 Main street, over American Cash Store, Los Angeles, Cal. jan2-tf-W marsd tf

Dr. J. S. Owens,

HOMŒOPATHIST AND SURGEON, MAKES a specialty of diseases of women. Also all forms of chronic diseases. Office hours 10 a. m. to 12 m.; 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m. Office in Pantheon block, rooms 6 and 7. Calls answered at office at all hours. mar4-dkw-tf

M. T. Wilson, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIST. OFFICE AND RESIdence, 29 S. Spring st. Office hours, 1-4 to 7-8 p. m. se23tf

J. J. Peckham, M. D.,

181 NEW HIGH STREET. OFFICE HOURS: To 10 morning, at 3 afternoon, after 6 evening. f19 tf

J. MILLS BOAL, M. D.

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. May be found at rooms Nos. 1, 2 and 3, Bumiller Building, No. 39 N. Spring street. Telephone No. 138. East Los Angeles telephone at No. 58 Daily street. my21-tf

DRS. COOK & BIRD,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIANS AND SURgeons. Office—Room 14, Nadeau Block. mch1 tf

F. DeW. Crank, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIST. ROOMS 35 AND 36 Baker Block. Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m. 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Special attention given to diseases of infants and children. nl-tf

A. S. SHORB M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIST.—Office, Main Street, Monrovia Block, Monrovia. Office hours, 10 to 12 a. m. Spring st. Los Angeles. Office hours, 11 to 12 a. m. 1 to 4 p. m. 116-tf

DENTISTS.

DR. S. H. TOLHURST,

DENTIST. Painless and safe extraction by vitalized air. We have adopted eastern prices, and employ none but regular graduates and experienced dentists, so warrant all work at room 2 over post-office. w-febl6-tf d-jy12-tf

W. H. Masser, M. D. D. D. S., D. R. Wilder, D. D. S.

MASSER & WILDER, DENTISTS, PARLOR 13 Nadeau block, execute all branches of Dentistry. Also do away with the extraction of teeth, restore all firm, decayed and broken teeth to their original usefulness and beauty, and insert Teeth without a Plate. Fine filling a specialty. Vitalized air or nitrous oxide gas administered. oc26

Dr. L. W. WELLS.

DENTIST, graduate in Europe and America 25 years. Filling a specialty. Teeth extracted without pain. Lady physician in attendance. All work guaranteed. No. 17 North Main street, over Orange Store. Rooms No. 22 and 23. d1-tf

Baxter Todd M. D.

DENTIST.—Office 38 Spring street, Mohr Block, room 6, Los Angeles. jan7tf

TEACHERS.

Art Needle Work.

MRS. A. C. MILLAN TAUCHER OF west needle work. Parlor, 38 Fort st. oct8 1m

The Los Angeles Conservatory of Music.

NO. 426 SOUTH MAIN STREET, NEAR Fifth, an institution devoted exclusively to the study of music. Instruction given in all branches of music through a thorough graded course of study, from the first to the department in charge of an artist of the highest excellence and proficiency, thoroughly trained in the best conservatories of Europe, New York and New England Conservatories, Cincinnati and other colleges of music. The Directors have selected there were nearly 50 pupils from abroad. Use of Musical Library. Sheet music and instruments for practice furnished to pupils. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m. For prospectus, terms, etc., address REV. E. P. ENTIRE, President, Lock Box 650, Los Angeles, Cal. oct8 1m

Miss H. R. Porter,

A TEACHER OF EXPERIENCE, WILL receive a few more pupils. Office hours, 10 to 11 a. m. After consulting friends, the enemy. I am in the habit of attacking openly.

oct6 1m

Miss Buckle,

TEACHER OF SINGING — ITALIAN method. 410 South Main street. oct1 1m

JEWELERS.

D. C. Roberts.

FOR SPECS, EYE GLASSES, Microscopes, Telescopes, Opera Glasses, etc., call upon D. C. ROBERTS, 19 N. Spring St., opp. P. O. sep19tf

Notice.

THE BEST PLACE IN LOS ANGELES TO have your watches and jewelry repaired or repaired in the best possible manner is at DENNARD FOL & CO., 147 South Spring street. 147 oct26f

JAMES MONTGOMERY,

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER AND Jeweler, 34 South Spring street, next to the Southern Methodist church. Special attention paid to fine watch repairing, in all its branches. All work intrusted to my care will be done promptly, correctly and to the best of my ability. Watches cleaned for $1.50, and warranted for one year. Jewelry of every description made to order and neatly repaired oct30-1

MISCELLANEOUS.

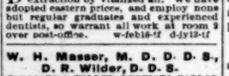
Fortune Telling

BY MME. MOREY, 220 NORTH MAIN street, Room 56. Gentlemen, $1; ladies, 50c. oct31 1m

Ladies Wanted.

Mrs. E. J. Tilley will teach ladies how to do their own stamping. She will teach you how, and furnish you with an outfit, for $1.50. Room 56, Nadeau block, Los Angeles, Cal. oct24 1m

Bureau of Information,



EMPLOYMENT Office, R. R. Ticket Broker and Real Estate Agt.; property sold on installments. E. KITTINGER, 12 North Main st. Telephone 118. Residence, Fifth and Hope sts. au31tf

FOR SALE—A grocery store; also a lodging-house and fruit store; all central locations; four San Francisco railroad tickets, first-class; price, $12.50 each; also a restaurant; the above are all bargains. E. Kittinger. oc29 1m

Children's Home.

A MOTHER'S CARE GIVEN TO CHILDREN by Mrs. Ihms, 9 blocks south from corner of Downey ave. and Hayes st., 110 Darwin ave., East Los Angeles. oct21 1m

D. McFarland,

MORTGAGE, LOAN AND INVESTMENT agent, 10 Commercial street, Los Angeles, Cal. Money to loan on warehouse receipts for grain or general merchandise. oct13 1m

Employment

FOR THOSE WANTING WORK of any kind male or female. Help furnished free. Send your orders. E.W. REID, Room 5, Wilcoxides building, Los Angeles. ja16-tf

W. H. Holmes & Co.,

COLLECTION AGENCY; FACILITIES FOR collecting throughout United States. Rooms 10 and 11, Bumiller Block, 41 N Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal. au31 3m

Lorrain & Schafer.

(Successors to Wagenbach & Lorrain.)

CITY STEAM DYEING HOUSE. CLOTHES cleaned and dyed in the best manner. Lolen silk dresses and ribbons dyed black a specialty. f6 tf

Jas. T. Taylor,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pomona, Cal. Office, Main street. P. O. Box 1496. ja9 tf

HORSESHOEING.

J. GOODWIN, 128 SPRING STREET, NEARLY opposite Turnverein Hall. Horses shod in the most approved fashion. Shoes made for all diseases of the feet. sept1-tf

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

DOBINSON & FAIRCHILD,

Real Estate

AND

INSURANCE AGENTS,

Have numerous bargains in

City Real Estate,

Both improved and unimproved; also in vineyards and ranch property, large and small. Will give any desired information on application.

Attention is specially invited to our

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT,

EMBRACING

FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT.

None but the best of companies represented. Call and see us before you insure elsewhere.

DOBINSON & FAIRCHILD,

42 North Spring Street.

Hay For Sale at a Bargain.

40 TONS AVERAGE HAY, ROPE-BALED, at $8.00 per ton. Must be sold to make room. Apply at 9 Nadeau Block, at once. oct 1f

MISS L. J. HAMMOND

HAS JUST RETURNED FROM SAN Francisco, after an absence of three weeks, bringing with her a large stock of millinery goods in all the latest styles and novelties at remarkably low prices, at her new store, No. 26 South Spring street. sp28

Clinton Ranch Home.1

ONE AND ONE-HALF MILES NORTHwest of San Bernardino, Cal., is particularly adapted to invalids. It being near the foothills overlooking the city, in a dry and pure atmosphere, with no standing water near the premises. Good cooking by competent eastern cooks. Board and lodging $6 per week, A. S. DAVIDSON, Prop. oct28 1m.

MILCH COWS FOR SALE.

SEVENTY-ONE HEAD, LARGE AND small, at $37 per head. The cattle can be seen at the Arnaz pasture, Rancho Rincon de los Bueyes, by applying to MR. ANTONIO ROCHA, adjoining the pasture. Also one pasture for rent. oct31 1m

California Livery and Feed Stables,

279 N. MAIN STREET. C. H. WALLS, Proprietor. oct6 1

The Times.

Office—Temple, Main and New High.

For the Middle and South Pacific, fair weather.

THE MORNING'S NEWS.

Blaine visited Connecticut yesterday.

The President has pardoned Paymaster Major James R. Wasson.

Cleveland witnessed the final blow-outs of the Democracy yesterday and last night.

De Lesseps denies that he is intriguing to obtain possession of the State of Panama for France.

Henry Kimball, of the firm of Bartling & Kimball, book-binders, of San Francisco, died suddenly yesterday afternoon.

Alexander B. Cooper, a mining speculator of Oakland, yesterday morning filed a petition in insolvency. Liabilities, $262,400; assets unknown.

The English Ministry have abandoned the Australian Federation bill in consequence of the opposition displayed by the Assembly of New South Wales.

CALIFORNIA expects every man to do his duty at the coming election.

LOOK out for split tickets. Compare your ticket with the TIMES ticket.

BUSINESS men, will you not devote one day for the good of the country?

No Republican will *hazard* anything by voting for Hazard for the Legislature. Oh!

VOTE early on Tuesday, and then work the remainder of the day for the Republican ticket.

TAX-PAYERS, do you not realize the imperative necessity of having a change of county officials?

GIVE us a change in county offices. Any change would be an improvement upon the present incumbents.

DOWN with the Courthouse ring! The people demand a change, and their demand must be attended to.

ANY one who votes for Hendricks because he likes his record, prefers Jeff Davis or the devil for President.

IF every Republican will do his duty on Tuesday, Los Angeles county will be disenthralled, redeemed and regenerated.

REPUBLICANS are in favor of protecting American industries and American labor. The Democrats would favor the foreign laborer at the expense of the American laborer.

Now is the time when the average Democrat sits in the shade to eat watermelons until a candidate comes along to invite him to drink. Later he goes home full of Democratic enthusiasm.

WHEN LOS ANGELES was comparatively a new place, so far as Americans were concerned, we elected some very mean men to office. She now demands better men, and they are to be found on the Republican ticket.

ROTATION in office is a fundamental principle of Republicanism. If the same man holds office for a term of years, he is apt to become corrupt, and to believe that he owns the office. We want no more nepotism in the County Clerk's office.

VOTERS, remember that Hendricks while in the United States Senate opposed the war, voted against the proclamation of emancipation, against the legal tender act, the reconstruction acts, each and all of which he declared to be unconstitutional.

VOTERS of Los Angeles county! do not by your votes place a whisky-bloat in office. The day for cowboys, hoodlums and whisky-bloats has gone by. The county has settled up with a better class of citizens, who have too much self-respect to tolerate drunkenness.

MR. E. F. DE CELIS, editor of LA Cronica, in a note to the TIMES, says:

I have nothing whatever to do with the mean attack on Judge Brunson circulated yesterday by his personal enemies. I am not in that line of business, which I leave entirely to our "dear friends," I am in the habit of attacking openly.

WHEN a woman is about to cross the Democratic bridges hear Downey a boy is sent ahead to blow a horn, to prevent a collision with a like entrance from the other side. This is Democratic economy. Not the woman, the baby carriage, the boy, nor the horn, but the narrow bridge, which is like everything Democratic.

VOTERS! see to it that we have a good Board of Supervisors. Not enough thought is given by taxpayers in the selection of the candidates. After electing bad men it is too late to cry out. You have been taxed to excess, and that should induce you to work hard and elect the Republican candidates for the Board, as they are good men.

Found Dead.

Yesterday morning the milkman called as usual on his rounds at 549 First street, and not finding the milk can out for him, looked into the house and saw a lamp burning. Forcing an entrance, he found Henry Grobon dead in bed. The deceased had been suffering with asthma for some time, and, it is supposed, was choked by the disease. The body was removed to the morgue, where an inquest was held at 11 a. m., and a verdict given of "natural cause." Groben was 45 years of age, and a native of Germany. He formerly kept the Union saloon, on Requena street. His wife is in Sacramento.

Hymeneal.

The wedding of Mr. E. M. Woods and Miss Zora Robinson took place at the residence of Mrs. Brecknear on Wednesday last, and was witnessed by a large number of friends, among them being Mrs. J. Bierson, Mrs. L. Crain, Miss J. Smith, Miss A. Smith, Miss A. Snyder, Miss T. Ward, Miss J. Kimball, Miss L. Williams, Miss A. Williams, Miss L. Dewey, Miss F. Robison, Miss C. Robison, Mr. A. Woods, Mr. C. H. Woods, Mr. Fenner, Mr. J. Eckstrom, Mr. C. Champion, Mr. W. Davis, Mr. J. Bierson. The bride was the recipient of a number of handsome presents.

The Overcoat Thief.

Last week Chief Cuddy captured a thief on Aliso street with an overcoat which he was trying to sell. The coat has the owner's name on the inside of the collar, and that fact on being advertised brought him to the front. The result was, the thief, William Wilson, was convicted yesterday by Justice Morgan, and will be sentenced to-morrow.

A Joke on Stoneman.

Governor Stoneman came home yesterday to vote, but alas! his name is not on the Great Register, and Grover Cleveland is short a vote.

To Republicans.

Vote next Tuesday and then see that your Republican friends vote. Put in a straight ticket. They are all good men.

BLAINE.

His Trip Through Connecticut Yesterday.

SPEECHES AT HARTFORD AND NEW HAVEN

His Denial of the Rum, Romanism and Rebellion Story—A Tribute to His Revered Mother.

Associated Press Dispatches to The Times.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Blaine left the Fifth Avenue Hotel this morning with Postmaster Manley and drove to the Grand Central depot, where he took the 9 o'clock train for Hartford. From Hartford Blaine will go to New Haven by special train and then return to New York, stopping at Bridgeport and other places along the route.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 1.—In pursuance of a promise made before he started on his western tour, Blaine left New York this morning in a special car attached to the regular train to visit the principal places in Connecticut. General Fremont accompanied him. Miss Margaret Blaine and James G. Blaine, Jr., were also of the party. At several points along the route, where the train made its regular stops, groups gathered and cheered, when looking through the window they discovered Blaine, but he did not appear in public until the train had reached Hartford. On the way a number of Hartford gentlemen, who had come to meet him, were presented. General Hawley boarded the train at Bridgeport.

MERIDEN, Conn., Nov. 1.—At New Haven the usual stop was made and considerable of a crowd awaited the arrival of the train and greeted Mr. Blaine, who appeared for a moment on the platform and was cheered.

ARRIVAL AT HARTFORD.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 1.—Hartford was reached at noon. As the train came to a stop there was a cannon salute and cheering. Blaine and Fremont, accompanied by Senator Hawley, entered a carriage and were driven to a stand in front of the Court-house, around which several thousand people were waiting. All along the route were Plumed Knights and other clubs. General Hawley introduced Mr. Blaine, who was loudly cheered. He spoke as follows:

BLAINE'S SPEECH.

The people of that splendid section of Ohio, which was recently a colony of Connecticut, commissioned me by their vote in October to bear to the mother State, in whose Capital I now stand, the assurance of their loyalty to New England teachings and New England principles. [Cheers.] I am here to-day to receive from you assurances that the mother State herself is prepared to prove her fidelity to her own history and her own example. [Cheers.] If there be any State in the Union profoundly interested in the industrial and financial systems of the United States as those systems exist to-day, Connecticut is that State, for her marvelous industries have been built up under the influence of a protective tariff, and her great financial center, from which radiate influences coextensive with the Union, has received in a full measure the benefit and blessing of the great financial system which the Republican party has given this country. [Cheers.] The national canvass, now so near its close, concerns, in the wide sweep of great issues it involves, every man, woman and child in the land. There is not an industry that will not be affected by its decision. There is not a paper dollar whose validity will not be changed by a wrong decision. The industrial system and financial system under which our great national progress has been achieved during the last 23 years are peculiarly the work of the Republican party; for in every step in their enactment they were

RESISTED BY THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

Have the voters of Connecticut stopped to reflect what would be the influence upon their State if there was such a change in the tariff as the Democratic party in Congress came within 24 votes of effecting last winter? Have the voters of Connecticut stopped to think what would be the effect of an abandonment of the present currency system of the United States, which would certainly follow if the Democratic party should come into power? That currency system, as it stands to-day, is certainly the most remarkable in the financial history of the world. A greenback circulation of between three and four hundred millions is held steadily at par with gold by the action of the Government with its coin in the Treasury to redeem every cent on presentation by the exchanging system. Perhaps one of the first measures of the State's Rights Democracy, given control of the Government, would be to restore to the States power to establish State banks. We are justified in this assumption by the argument of the Democrats in Congress for twenty years past, and by their ceaseless hostility to the National banking system. The speaker then reminded his hearers that when Abraham Lincoln was elected there were nearly 50,000 broken State banks in the Union, whose successive failures had cost the people annually five per cent. of the total paper circulation of the country, and had involved a total loss to the people of two hundred million dollars. He said this fact alone should be a conclusive argument in favor of maintaining the present financial system. After concluding his speech, the party returned to the train.

SPEECH AT NEW HAVEN.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 1.—Blaine made the following address here: "There has been placed in my hands, since my arrival in New Haven, an address from the clergymen of this city, expressing their respect and confidence, and, through the person who delivered it, the assurance that in matters of public right and in matters of public participation under the laws and Constitution of the United States they know no sect. They know no Protestant, no Catholic, no Hebrew, but the equality of all. ["Good, good," and cheers.] In the city of Hartford I had a letter put into my hands asking me why I had charged the Democratic party with being "inspired by

RUM, ROMANISM AND REBELLION.

[A voice—"You never said that."] My answer in the first place is that they put in my mouth an unfortunate expression of another man, and in the next place it gives me an opportunity to say at the close of the campaign that in the public speeches which I have made, I have refrained carefully and instinctively from making any disrespectful allusion to the Democratic party. I differ from that party profoundly on matters of principle, but I have too much respect for the millions of my countrymen, whom it embraces, to assail it with epithets of abuse. ["Good, good," and cheers.] In the next place I am sure I am the last man in the United States who would make a disrespectful allusion to another man's religion. The United States guarantees freedom of religious opinion, and before the law and under the constitution of the Protestant and the Catholic, and the Hebrew stand entitled to absolutely the same recognition and the same protection [loud cheering], and if disrespectful allusion is here to be made against the religion of any man, as I have said, I am the last man to make it, for though Protestant by conviction and connected with a Protestant church, I should esteem myself of all the one most degraded if, under any pressure or under any temptation, I could in any presence make a disrespectful allusion to that ancient faith in which my reverend mother lived and died. [Enthusiastic and long continued cheering.]

THE QUESTION BEFORE THE PEOPLE.

The question now before the people of the United States is not a religious question. The question to be settled in this election is one that comes home to the doorsill and the fireside of every American citizen. We have enjoyed in this country for the past twenty-three years the advantage of a protective tariff. There is not a man within the sound of my voice; there is not a man in Connecticut; there is not a man in New England; there is not a man in the United States who is not directly or indirectly interested in the protective tariff. [Cheers.]

Blaine then spoke at considerable length on the tariff issue, and paid a warm tribute to General Fremont, whom he introdnced to the audience. Fremont was loudly cheered, and he spoke briefly in acknowledgment of the reception given him.

At Bridgeport there was a crowd numbering many thousands and enthusiastically demonstrative. Blaine made a very short speech, and as the train moved off he stood on the rear platform bowing his acknowledgments, while the people cheered him again and again. Again at South Norwalk there was a great gathering, and Blaine spoke briefly. At Stamford the demonstration was said to be the largest ever seen in that part of Connecticut, and there was great enthusiasm. After Blaine's remarks he and a large party were handsomely entertained at the House of Samuel Fessenden, secretary of the Republican National Committee. The run to New York was made without any other stop, and at about a quarter of eight o'clock Blaine arrived at the Fifth Avenue Hotel and went directly to his apartment.

AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—About 10 o'clock Blaine, accompanied by Dr. Fordyce Barker, was driven to the Academy of Music, where there was a meeting under the auspices of the Blaine and Logan Club of Columbia College, presided over by Prof. Dwight. The building was filled in every part by an audience who made all kinds of enthusiastic demonstrations when Blaine appeared upon the stage and again when he stood up to speak.

In the course of his remarks, Blaine said as long as men of social and intellectual position think it beneath them to take part in what are so-called political squabbles they contribute to make them squabble. ["Good," and loud applause.] It is in their power to raise them to the dignity of contests involving great principles and touching at every point the fate and fortune of the nation. I therefore confess, Mr. Chairman, and to no one would I make the confession more gladly than to him who has been the able instructor of so many of the promising youths of this country, and whose whole life is a splendid example of the man who makes conscientious use of the education wherewith he has been endowed. I confess that, standing on the eve of a national contest in which I am supposed to be personally interested [great cheering], but in which, as a matter of fact, I have no other or deeper interest than you [renewed cheering], I confess that I feel proud and honored to stand before this audience on this occasion, appreciating as I think I do its present significance, and, as I hope, its far-reaching influence. [Applause.] If office, high or low, be taken as a personal gift, or viewed as a mere personal promotion, it is lowered in its character, and takes its place with the lottery prize; but if it is, as it should be, held as a trust the bestowment of which is free and unsought, then indeed is the honor great. [Prolonged applause.]

WHITE LINE TACTICS.

Six Negroes Killed at a Republican Meeting in Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 1.—The Picayune's New Iberia special says: At a Kellogg meeting at Lanareville to-day it seems some negroes got into a difficulty. Joe Gilfous stepped in to quiet them, when he was fired upon by the negroes, a bullet penetrating his hat. He returned the fire, but with effect. A wild rush then there was a general resort to firearms, and a general fusillade commenced. Gilfous was the first to fall, shot dead. He was one of the best citizens and a prominent Democrat. Another citizen, Viater was brought in here wounded, but not dangerously. The parties who brought him in say Captain K. Bell, a Democrat, was also shot dead. Abner Boutt, a negro politician, and three other negroes were killed. Jules Mesierer and Judge Fontelin are reported among the wounded. A large number of men are under arms there, and the excitement is at fever heat. The excitement here is very great, and squads of armed men have left for the scene of trouble. The town is patrolled to-night. A large number of prisoners were brought in by armed men, but considerable of the assailants number to-night. They are lodged in jail and guarded. Judge Theo. Fontelin, Albert Fontelin, L. Fontelin and Alphonse Fontelin are among the prisoners. The most reliable and important reports are that the Republicans went over there expecting trouble and it commenced among the negroes. Judge Fontelin was shot through as at first reported. A. F. Dugas and St. Clair Dugas are reported wounded. Many others are wounded, but they got off. Most reports agree that six negroes were killed, but as they stampeded after the first fire, it is impossible to say positively how many were wounded.

BUTLER IN CONNECTICUT.

His Definition of the Tariff and Advice to Workingmen.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 1.—General Butler spoke this evening at a meeting of the People's party for only twenty minutes. He explained he had unexpectedly received a telegram which required his immediate presence in New York. He said: "I can give you but a short time, but in those few minutes I can give you the platform of the People's party. It is equal powers, equal privileges and equal burdens. You undoubtedly have heard a hundred times that this party is no party, and that it will die out, but such is not the case. No great reform was ever made unless by a third party rising out of the other parties. Slavery, the greatest stain of a republican country, was put down by a third party. The General then gave a short sketch of the origin and growth of the Republican party. Continuing, he said both parties were governed by monopolies and monopolies. The Democratic party, with a flourish of trumpets, came in last December and proclaimed free trade and staggered business. He made a short sketch of the old war, they want to reduce the tariff. Why, my friends, said Butler, the tariff is the plainest thing in the world. It means no more than clothes to the workingmen. Butler then gave a short illustration of the ef

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The Times.
SIX PAGES
SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1884.

THE NATION'S TICKET.

(Election, Tuesday, Nov. 4. Inauguration, March 4, 1885.)

For President,
JAMES G. BLAINE.....Of Maine

For Vice-President,
JOHN A. LOGAN.....Of Illinois

For Presidential Electors,
AT LARGE:
HENRY EDGERTON.....of Sacramento
A. R. CONKLIN.....of Inyo

DISTRICT NOMINEES:
I. J. D. BYERS.....of Lassen
II. J. B. REDDICK.....of Calaveras
III. CHARLES F. REED.....of Yolo
V. HORACE DAVIS.....of San Francisco
V. MARCUS H. HECHT.....of San Francisco
VI. CHESTER ROWELL.....of Fresno

For Congress, Sixth District,
H. H. MARKHAM.....of Los Angeles

Republican Legislative Ticket.

For Assemblymen:
LXXVIIth Dist.....JAMES RANBURY
LXXVIIth Dist.....H. T. HAZARD
LXXVIIIth Dist.....E. E. EDWARDS

Republican County Ticket.

For Superior Judge (1).....WM. A. CHENEY
For Superior Judge (2).....ASHUR BURDICK
For District Attorney.....O. M. BOZARD
For Sheriff.....GEORGE E. GARD
For County Clerk.....C. H. DOWNEY
For Treasurer.....GEO. GUYNARD
For Auditor.....A. A. MOSTEAU
For Assessor.....ROBT. E. WARD
For Tax Collector.....EL. HAMMOND
For Public Administrator.....J. A. FRERE
For Surveyor.....E. J. WARING
For Coroner.....A. MCFARLAND

For Supervisors:
I. JAS. FOUND.....of San Gabriel
II. OSCAR MACY.....of Los Angeles
III. MILTON LINDLEY.....of Los Angeles
IV. MELVIN MCCOY.....of Compton
V. ROBERT MCFERRAN.....of Orange

City and Township Ticket.

For City Justice.....H. C. AUSTIN
For Township Justice.....SIMEON K. ARMEY
For Constable (1).....C. H. PERRINO
For Constable (2).....J. C. CLINE

THE CHARACTER OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

The readers of the TIMES have not failed to notice how readily the Los Angeles Herald, when discussing matters political, waves stubborn facts into nonentity, and handles truth with unparalleled economy. Several of our correspondents have recently expressed amazement thereat; but to us, who know the Herald's political methods, it is no surprise. Is not that pretentious sheet, whose nauseous boasting is conspicuously out of all proportion to its performances, whether in matters political or otherwise, a thick-and-thin "organ" of the Democratic party? And did not George William Curtis, just prior to his late fatal political lunacy, declare that the Democratic party was "an organized and very hungry conspiracy" against vast human interests? Therefore what could be expected of an "organ" of such a party? But put this organ aside. We are dealing with the main proposition—with the Democratic party itself, not specially with any of its individual supporters.

Any intelligent citizen and political observer of mature years, though no lawyer, might safely undertake to show, before a competent and impartial jury, that for the past forty years the Democratic party has been a conspiracy against liberty, a conspiracy against the workingman, a conspiracy against the purity of the ballot-box, a conspiracy against political honesty, a conspiracy against truth and righteousness, a conspiracy against official integrity—in short, a gigantic conspiracy for spoils. The bare-faced falsification, the unmitigated frauds, the astounding slanders and downright forgeries, the willful misrepresentation of known facts, the audacious invention of reports, the trickery, the chicanery, the unblushing rascality of this campaign, colossal as they have been, are *characteristic of the Democratic party!* Consider the undeniable, the monstrous, and yet the significant fact that wherever in the country the grade of intelligence is lowest, the moral sentiments best developed, and animalism, vulgarity and rowdyism are most dominant, there, without an exception, the Democratic party is numerically strongest. The stamp of every great city in America are proverbially Democratic. Cassius M. Clay bases his prediction that Indiana will go Republican on the fact that the schoolmaster is there "abroad," and that the civilization of the State has greatly improved. Throughout the entire South the Democratic party maintains its ascendency by menace and violence, by converting the ballot-box into a transcendent and transparent sham. Ex-Governor Hubbard of Texas, stumping Indiana in behalf of the Democrats, advises them to take their pistols to the polls on election day, and if matters do not move in accordance with their views, to *shoot*. This evinces the spirit of the Democracy. It is entirely characteristic. Falsehood, and fraud, and slander, and deceit, and low cunning, and all forms of over-reaching are resorted to when and where they will avail. When and where they will *not* avail, then and there "*shoot*."

It is now in overwhelming evidence that the rioting and bloodshed at the recent election in Cincinnati were directly caused by the importation of Democratic river-roughs and Kentucky repeaters, who came to oversee legal, and especially the colored, voters; and only by unexpected precaution and vigilance were they prevented from accomplishing their infernal purpose. And all this was but a part of the unscrupulous plan defiantly, but unmistakably, hinted at by McLean, the editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer, the most influential Democratic paper in Ohio, when he was asked how he could get votes enough to overbalance the acknowledged increase of Republicanism: "*Beg 'em by G—d*," was his answer. The idea, the spirit, and the language of this reply were characteristically Democratic.

The preparation for the forthcoming election in the city of Chicago, made by the Mayor, who is also the Democratic candidate for the Governorship of the State of Illinois, together with his allies in the City Council, was so monstrous an outrage upon the very idea of the ballot-box, so obvious and so enormous a provision to facilitate fraud, so high-handed an attempt to carry the city for the Democratic party, however large the Republican vote might be, that in their might the community arose in vociferous protestation against the diabolical scheme. Honest Democrats heartily united with the Republicans to foil the Mayor and his confrères; but not till after the Mayor was assured that his plan, if consummated, would send him to his political grave, did he consent to a radical modification of it.

For half a century the government of the city of New York has been chiefly in the hands of Democrats; and the corruption there has been so appalling—the robbery, and thieving, and bribery, and jobbery have been on a scale so enormous—that the Legislature of the State has frequently been obliged to interfere; and yet the debt of that city is simply fabulous. Notoriously, New York has been the worst governed large city on the face of the earth. True to its own spirit and character, the Democracy there puts itself on exhibition.

But let us look at a few "specimen bricks" nearer home. An intelligent and widely respected Irishman, exercising the rights of an American citizen, declares his purpose to vote for Blaine; whereupon he receives several anonymous letters, each threatening his life.

This is the spirit of the Democratic party—the spirit that makes the South *solid*—the spirit that, beyond a question, will again come to the front if Cleveland is elected.

Take another "specimen brick." The expenses of Los Angeles county under Republican and Democratic administrations have just been sharply contrasted, to the immense advantage of the former. It is clearly shown that, true to their character, *the Democrats have been plundering the people.* By what adjectives or expletives ought Democratic malfeasance in office under our own eyes to be set forth? And yet these same Democrats have the effrontery, the hypocrisy to raise the cry of national retrenchment and reform. Whare are their blushes!

Take one more "specimen brick." Some days since we undertook to bring to time the local Democratic "organ" for utterly misrepresenting the McSweeney case. We put to it certain explicit questions and asked for categorical replies. Did we get them? We had our labor for our pains.

In reply we received a few platitudes and commonplaces that were entirely irrelevant to the specific points we had made. The man of the Herald knew as well as he knew he had a head on his shoulders, that he had utterly misrepresented the facts. He was purposely blinding the people. He was practicing a gross deception. He was deliberately outraging a great moral principle in subserviency to party ends. He was doing the very work that converts politics into a consummate fraud and the politician into a liar and a hypocrite. And yet in all this the Herald is but an organ of its party; which is but another way of saying that it ought not to be expected to speak the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, or to do the fair and honest thing.

But what if this mendacious, this unscrupulous, this dangerous party should come into power? As in the days of Franklin Pierce and James Buchanan—both good Democrats—politics would again become a "black art," a stench in the nostrils of decent men; the moral standard throughout the country would be lowered, the Democratic bludgeon would doubtless again be brandished in the halls of Congress, and again northern representatives might there be stricken down. Business would feel the shock, and contract accordingly. Have the voters of Southern California duly considered in all its bearings the fact that, on receipt of the news of the Ohio election, American stocks advanced in Wall street and in London? What is this but an infallible augury that the triumph of the Democratic party in the coming election would be followed by national financial disaster—that that party cannot be trusted? VOTE AGAINST IT! VOTE IT DOWN!

TO IRISH-AMERICANS.

Cleveland is the candidate of every free-trader in this country and every freebooter in England. The Irish-American must experience a new political sensation to find himself in sympathy with every English lord and snob in desiring the election of a man to keep British furnaces blazing and British spindles going at the expense of American labor. When you left Ireland it was with an intense feeling against the hated Saxon! Was that feeling simulated? If you love your adopted country, why do you vote the Democratic ticket? Do you not know that British free trade is the Democratic policy? When that party dares to tell what it wants it squarely opposes the protective policy. In some States it does not dare, and therefore at every election for twenty-five years it has raised a clatter about something else, which it pretended to regard as the main issue. It wanted to save the Union in 1860, and it wanted peace in 1864; it was excited about negro-suffrage in 1868, and about carpet-baggers in 1872; it wanted reform in 1876, and a change in 1880;—but all the time it fought for British free trade, and whenever it could get a majority in the House attempted at once to tear down the protective system, as it did at the last session of Congress. The issue between the two great parties *is* the tariff question. The pending election may determine the fate of protection for an indefinite period. The overthrow of protection means a large and permanent reduction in the wages of the American laborer, besides involving the loss of vast amounts of American capital.

There are special reasons why an Irish-American workingman should vote for Blaine. How nobly he stood up for him when it cost him more to stand up for him than it does now; solitary and alone, he bared his head to the hurtling shafts of the people at the East who believed in Chinese immigration. Is it not infamously ungrateful for an Irish-American workingman to ever speak of him except in terms of gratitude, tenderness and respect?

THE WOMEN OF THE REPUBLIC.

Mr. Blaine's speech to the women of Brooklyn on their presentation of an address to him is again conspicuous for good taste and propriety. He recognizes woman as the power behind the throne, and protested without direct power at the ballot-box. It suggests an appeal to the women of the country, which Mr. Blaine could not properly make. Never before has the influence, the moral power and obligation of woman to society been so imperatively evoked as in the present canvass. Her moral duty to her sex, to family, society and State is perfectly manifest. Her empire is the moral domain. On the one side is a candidate who is the husband of a happy home, and honored for his domestic virtues. His wife is distinguished for her social ability, and for her rigid requirements of moral tone in society. Fitted intellectually to be the consort of a President, she is a queen in society. The candidate for Vice-President is also an exemplar as the head of a family, against whom no reproach was ever made. His wife is brilliant intellectually, and a chosen center of society. Two more brilliant representatives of the sex were never before candidates for the position of first ladies of the land.

On the other side, the candidate for the first place is an old bachelor. It is a grave fault in any man who aspires to high position. In Mr. Cleveland's case, only two reasons can be given for his failing to honor woman with his hand—disappointed love, and a faithful reverence for a buried bride of the heart. But this reason has not appeared. We have been expecting that Jenkins would give us a romantic reason of this sort. We have expected Puck to give us a picture of Mr. Cleveland on his Sunday pilgrimage to a grave, with an armful of flowers. But we have been disappointed both in the fact and in an invented story. So, we presume, there can be only the other reason for his bachelorism—that he has so conducted himself with the baser portion of the sex, that he has lost confidence, as is usual in such cases, in the entire sex. The testimony favors such conclusion. When eight clergymen of Buffalo sign a declaration that Mr. Cleveland has been continually, and until a late day, guilty of gross licentiousness, we have the strongest ground for our last conclusion. We submit that the virtuous women of the country, the mothers and daughters of society, cannot consistently support with their influence such a man for the highest position of honor in the Republic. If they do, the young men and the old may well say that moral character, and being the head of a family, are no qualifications to be considered in choosing our most exalted rulers.

THE COURTHOUSE BONDS.

While there may and does exist in the minds of the voters and tax-payers of Los Angeles county doubt and difference of opinion concerning the best mode and manner of providing the county with a new courthouse, and the best site for the same, there is little or no disagreement, we apprehend, upon the main proposition, to wit, *the necessity for a new courthouse.* This is urgent and indisputable; it is notorious. At present the records of one of the leading counties of California—valuable records, some of which involve the safety of the original titles to thousands and millions of dollars' worth of property, and other records, the loss of which would work an almost irreparable loss to the county and people—are in serious danger of damage or destruction by being stored in the present old rat-trap which does duty as a courthouse. It is a risk that the people cannot afford to run.

Therefore we think that it will be right and expedient for the electors, without regard to party, to vote next Tuesday "*For Courthouse Bonds*—YES."

As the power will be in the hands of the new Board of Supervisors to change not only the plan of the courthouse, but the site itself, voters will see that in voting in favor of bonds, they do not commit themselves to the present site for the new building, or to the plans adopted by the existing Board. "*For Bonds*—YES."

PORQUE!

Why do we want Republican Supervisors? Because we want a courthouse, and don't want it to cost three times as much as it should cost. If there be any Democratic tinkering we shall have an inferior building, costing more than an elegant building in many Republican counties in the State. We want bridges where necessary, and not such Democratic structures as we can name near Downey, too narrow for loaded teams to pass. Then we want roads—there are none in the county, but plenty of sandbanks, and countless holes large enough to bury a horse. A stranger knows this to be Democratic "reform:" *Sans* roads, *sans* bridges, *sans* courthouse, *sans* everything except sand-holes.

The Republican party, having its birth in a hatred of slavery, labor and capital that all men may be truly free and equal, is unalterably opposed to placing our workingmen in competition with any form of servile labor, whether at home or abroad. In this spirit we denounce the importation of contract labor, whether from Europe or Asia, as an offense against the spirit of American institutions, and we pledge ourselves to sustain the present law restricting Chinese immigration, and to provide such further legislation as is necessary to carry out its purposes.—[National Republican Platform adopted at Chicago.

Workingmen everywhere should remember the three points made by Mr. Blaine in one of his speeches, which should be the result of an industrious man's labors in this country:

First—A comfortable living for himself and his family.

Second—A good education, at least for his children.

Third—A modest competency for himself and wife in their old age, so that they will not be dependent either on the public or on their friends when age has made them helpless.

Some of the Republican journals are pitching into St. John for running for President, and thus interfering with their prospects. St. John does not deserve this reproach. He is like the little boy who went out fishing Sunday, but did not get a bite. "Ah, my son," said the clergyman, coming up from behind; "don't you know it is sinful to catch fish Sunday?" "Who's a ketchin' any fish?" indignantly asked the lad. St. John is not catching any fish to amount to anything, but he is trying all the same.—[Texas Siftings. St. John is not even trying to catch fish for himself, but he is endeavoring to hook suckers for S. Grover Cleveland.

In a recent letter the venerable Cassius M. Clay says: "The solid South is an eternal menace to liberty and civilization." No more truthful or timely words have been uttered since the issues of the campaign have been made up.

General Butler once worked in a blacksmith shop, and now he is a whole anvil chorus.

TUESDAY'S ELECTION.

The Majorities Given by the States in 1876 and 1880.

ELECTORAL VOTES CAST IN 1876 AND 1880

A Tabulated Statement of the Popular Votes for President from Lincoln's Election to Garfield's.

Electoral Votes Cast in 1876 and 1880.

[Carve this out of the TIMES before you lose or destroy the paper, and paste carefully in your hat.]

STATES.	1880. R.	1880. D.	1876. R.	1876. D.
Alabama		10		10
Arkansas		6		6
California	1	5	6	
Colorado	3		3	
Connecticut	6		6	
Delaware		3		3
Florida		4		4
Georgia		11		11
Illinois	21		21	
Indiana	15			15
Iowa	11		11	
Kansas	5		5	
Kentucky		12		12
Louisiana		8		8
Maine	7		7	
Maryland		8		8
Massachusetts	13			13
Michigan	11		11	
Minnesota	5		5	
Mississippi		8		8
Missouri		15		15
Nebraska	3		3	
Nevada		3		3
New Hampshire	5			5
New Jersey		9		9
New York	35			35
North Carolina		10		10
Ohio	23		22	
Oregon	3		3	
Pennsylvania	29		29	
Rhode Island	4		4	
South Carolina		7		7
Tennessee		12		12
Texas		8		8
Vermont	5		5	
Virginia		11		11
West Virginia		5		5
Wisconsin	10		10	
Total	214	185	185	184

State Majorities, 1876 and 1880.

The following table has been prepared in answer to inquiries for the majorities given in each State for Presidential Electors in 1876 and 1880:

STATES.	1876. R.	1876. D.	1880. R.	1880. D.
Alabama		33,773		30,005
Arkansas		19,113		13,680
California	2,736			794
Colorado			1,366	
Connecticut	1,712		1,342	
Delaware	2,629		915	
Florida	926			4,290
Georgia		79,642		49,289
Illinois	1,971		14,097	
Indiana		13,513	16,489	
Iowa	50,191		48,283	
Kansas	32,911		41,582	
Kentucky		89,772		30,993
Louisiana	4,697			22,810
Maine	15,514		4,338	
Maryland		19,736		14,373
Massachusetts	40,472		68,008	
Michigan	18,347		17,730	
Minnesota	21,780		37,085	
Mississippi		59,550		34,472
Missouri		54,369		19,997
Nebraska	10,326		32,959	
Nevada	1,575			770
New Hampshire	2,564		3,250	
New Jersey		11,676		12,910
New York		21,730		19,994
North Carolina		11,157		20,159
Ohio	20,561		21,269	
Oregon	2,683			1,977
Pennsylvania	32,714		80,434	
Rhode Island	4,914		7,169	
South Carolina		91,214		54,871
Tennessee		85,552		36,126
Texas		59,633		57,510
Vermont	21,939		33,997	
Virginia		64,113		41,127
West Virginia		12,584		7,939
Wisconsin	8,306		21,980	

*Electors chosen by Legislature.
†Plurality.

The Popular Vote for President.

The following table gives the total popular vote cast for every Presidential candidate from 1864 to 1880, inclusive:

1864.	
Lincoln	2,216,067
McClellan	1,808,727
Lincoln's majority	407,342
1868.	
Grant	3,015,071
Seymour	2,709,613
Grant's majority	305,458
1872.	
Grant	3,597,070
Greeley (Lib.)	2,834,079
O'Conor (Dem.)	29,489
Black (Proh.)	5,608
Grant's majority	727,994
Grant's plurality	762,991
1876.	
Hayes	4,033,295
Tilden	4,284,265
Cooper (Greenback)	81,737
Smith (Prohibition)	9,522
"Anti-Secret Society"	539
"Scattering"	1,778
"Imperfect and scattering"	12,937
Tilden's majority	144,457
Tilden's plurality	250,970
1880.	
Garfield	4,454,416
Hancock	4,444,952
Weaver (Greenback)	308,578
Dow (Prohibition)	10,305
"American"	707
"Imperfect and scattering"	989
Louisiana "regular Garfield"	28,297
Louisiana "Denis Garfield"	10,353
Virginia "regular Hancock"	96,912
Virginia "Readjuster Hancock"	31,674
Garfield's plurality	9,464

It will be seen that out of the five elections, the Republicans twice had a majority of the total popular vote cast; twice they had a plurality; and once the Democrats had a majority of the popular vote, by a judicious use of the shot-gun, but failed to carry enough Democratic votes, or capture them by cipherformer and "counts," to put Frand Tilden in the Presidential chair.

Plain Facts About Wages.

Belgian Correspondence Cleveland Leader.

The other day I went into the iron works here, where employs 200 men making steel wagon springs. They are shipped to France, England and America.

When I asked the splendid workmen what they were getting a day for their skilled labor at the forge, they said:

"Seventy cents (3½ francs) a day, sir."

"But how can you live on that," I asked, "for I see that you eat American flour and American bacon, which costs more here in Belgium than in America?"

"Well, we don't eat so much as they do in America," they said. "We never think of having meat oftener than twice a week. We live on soups and vegetables. We live about as badly as the Chinese. We wear cotton clothes only. Our stomachs are accustomed to famine. Dry, black bread tastes good to us. They say you had a Dr. Tanner in America who lived forty days on water. We do a good deal as Dr. Tanner did."

What the man said was true, for this seventy cents would not buy so much food in Belgium as it would in Cleveland.

From the workmen I went to the mill owner. He lived in a nice house and kept a carriage. He was a nice Christian man, who loved his men. He had been a forge man himself once.

"Why do you not pay your men better wages?" I asked. "Such men get $2.50 in Cleveland, Ohio."

"The reason is this," he said, "I ship my wagon springs to America. I have to pay $40 on every $100 worth of springs sent there. That $40 comes off my men's wages. If it came off me I would be ruined in a day."

"But they pay $2.50 a day in America," I suggested.

"Yes, but they are protected there. The manufacturer gets $40 more for every $100 worth of springs than I do. That $40 enables him to pay these high wages. His men get every cent of it."

"But suppose they should reduce the tariff in America, as Congressman Frank Hurd and the Democratic party generally want them to do?" I asked.

"Well, the price of wagon springs would fall 40 per cent. We would ship our springs there if springs were higher than in Belgium and fill the market. You do not think the Yankees could pay $2.50 per day for labor and make springs as cheaply as we can and pay men 70 cents, do you?"

"Would a reduction of the tariff in America break up these iron works?" I asked.

"No," said the Belgian. "It would not break them up, but they would have to shut own for a while."

"Well, how long?"

"Why, until the American workman was starved down into working for 70 cents a day. Then they'd start up again. Then Belgium and the United States would be alike. Both would have the same priced labor. America is now the only nation on the globe that pays $2.50 a day for labor. She does it because she has a tariff."

"Then why don't you go over there and start a manufactory?" I asked.

"Because I would be no better off than here. My men would get almost four times as much wages as here; but I, as a mill owner, would make no more money. I make as much money here as I could in America. You see I live in a nice house. I could do no more in America. It is the laboring man in America that is benefited by the tariff, not the mill owner."

"But there is a Congressman in Ohio, Frank Hurd," I said, "who advocates taking off this tariff."

"There is?"

"Yes; he advocates it publicly."

"And laboring men listen to him?"

"Yes."

"And don't know that this Hurd would take the bread out of their children's mouths; yes, starve them down to 70 cents a day?"

"Oh," I said, "suppose he fools some of them?"

"Well," he said, "I am an old man. I've worked at the forge for 50 cents a day myself, and I say feelingly that a man so ignorant and wicked as to injure the workmen of America—why, throw workmen ought to rise up in their indignation, and sweep him from the earth. He isn't fit to receive the votes of a free people."

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

[This is the TIMES-MIRROR'S Public Forum. Those who would stand thereon must first give the editor their real names and be responsible for their opinions and statements.]

Bourbon, Bourbonism and Reform.

To the Editor of the Times—SIR: I do not write to defame the characters of the Democratic nominees for office more than they deserve, or to inflict any campaign lies upon the reading public just on the eve of election, which latter would be taking up the Democratic tactics; but, as all public men up for office are subjects for criticism, permit me to "itemize" two or three of them. On last Wednesday, when the "Del Valle and Reform" (shoot the reform part) were at Compton, Mr. Brown, the Democratic nominee for District Attorney, to be plain about it, was drunk, and had to be laid away for the evening. So much for his reform movement. On last Friday night Mr. Hines, Democratic nominee for Supervisor, was also at Compton, imbued with an overdose of Democratic whisky. Now, if the Los Angeles Herald could have caught the photos of these illustrious men at the times mentioned, they might not have appeared so grahhilquent.

Now, in conclusion, if Colonel Mudge of Compton, Republican nominee for Supervisor, is up to such antics, we say do not vote for him, but we have every reason to believe that he is the best man, and should, be heartily supported.

TRUE BLUE.

THE SPIRIT OF DEMOCRACY.

Another correspondent, writing from Compton, says:

The honorable Democratic gentlemen who addressed the people of Compton, on Wednesday evening last, had a "bully" time.

Whenever a speaker was wanted he always could be found at the saloon, wetting his whistle.

They took on a full cargo, one overloading to such an extent that he had to be put to bed.

Del Valle said, in one of his speeches, that the only thing given the United States by the Republican party is the iceberg Alaska. He forgets that a certain portion of the United States got something better than an iceberg, in the way of a sound thrashing. He probably forgets the late unpleasantness, and that was only the beginning.

G. A. M.

"Turn the Rascal Out."

To the Editor of the Times—SIR: In one of our late Democratic processions one of the banners bore the significant words, "Turn the rascals out." The TIMES seems to be doing its share towards the good work in the Courthouse. Not only have the clerks been keeping democratic hours, but one of them has established a branch of his job-printing concern in the Clerk's office, and spends much of his valuable time, that the county pays him for, in soliciting job-printing for his own office, and in manipulating county work for the same concern. Will Potts either turn Bowles Taney out, or allow other job-printing offices the same privilege that that enterprising person enjoys?

PRINTER.

Blaine Irishmen.

To the Editor of the Times—SIR: Although considerable capital was sought to be made against Blaine about a certain Father Bapst, the Monitor, the leading Catholic organ of this Coast, is standing up for Mr. Blaine and the full National Republican ticket.

Truth and right always come out uppermost, and Irish people have thought the Herald a reliable, competently conducted and edited paper, but of late its reports contain strange, inconsistent statements. It has lost its force.

From a Democratic Irishman, who is a Blaine voter, M. O'B.

Conkin's Do Without the "Times."

To the Editor of the Times—SIR: I ordered my paper stopped after the first of October, thinking that so much space was devoted to politics that I did not care to continue it.

I find, after being without it for a month, that it had become a necessity and that I miss the daily political news quite as much as the rest of the contents.

Will you please order it delivered again to, yours respectfully,

L. B. N.,
25 Walnut st., E. Los Angeles.

The Beacon Banner.

Let the great guns thunder! Let the drums beat!
Swelling the roar of the turbulent street,
For we know the proudest banner to-day
That floats o'er a nation's holiday.
The sign of a century's sure increase,
Of the patriot's pride, of his children's peace,
On greatest branch of humanity's tree,
The full-blown flower of Liberty!
Symbol of deeds by the martyrs done,
In the cause oft lost, yet forever won,
By valley and mountain, by city and sea,
The ideal banner of Liberty.

Thy germ was sown in the ages' dawn,
E'er Nero fell—or the Christ was born.
Thy infant arm stabbed the Cæsar down,
And plucked from its power the Roman crown.
Thou lifted'st the yoke from the Saxon sword
And led to the desert the Tartar horde.
And the ghosts of all flags that made men free
Float from thy standard to-day with thee.
Thou phantom dream of the hoary past,
Mankind's first—only hope—and last.
The sigh of the world's great day to be,
Thou blood-bought banner of Liberty!

But not from the lightnings of lurid wars
Are the beams that halo thy steadfast stars.
Thy chiefest glory lives not in the flood
That stripes thy bosom with patriot blood.
But in this—of all banners by civ'ry's sun,
Crowned as each long drawn cause was won,
Thou—thou hast been c osen alone to be
The world's great evangel of liberty.
Then measure to-day of fraternal love,
Thou herald of hope from the heavens above.
That says to the serf in his shackles, "Dare"
Bright beacon of liberty ev'rywhere.

Thrice did the Gauls' long struggle fall,
'Mid ravaged cities and woman's wail;
Thrice was the desperate cause betrayed
At the back of the blood-wet barricade.
Yet ever the parting word went round
As the last red standard was trampled down,
"Courage, comrades! It shall be.
Our brothers have conquered, so must we!"
To-day the sephyr that fondles thee
Kisses thy sister across the sea,
Side by side on each alien shore
Thy glad folds twine with the Tri-color.

Thy stars were the storm-set beacon light
That shone through the gloom of Italia's night;
When the bombs fell fast in Palermo town
And Bomba's scythe cut "the Legion" down.
But ever a hope from the carnage fled
Garibaldi lifted his lion head—
"Faint not, my children—over the sea
Still floats the bright omen of liberty!"
And behold, by the m ther of ar and song,
The angel of peace hath nestled long.
And Cayour's banner flutters like thee,
The sign of its people's unity.

From the dykes of Holland—the Alpine gorge,
Thy colors burn in the midnight forge,
Where Poland welds'th anew her steel;
Where Cuba writhe 'neath the Spaniard's heel;
Wher the Sunburst's gnals its children far;
Where the earthquake quivers beneath the Czar;

Allwhere the crushed slave lifts his eye
To weep not—I rejoice:
Mine eyes are diamond; and yet, before me shine
Hosy'm's glories, and a voice
Speaks to the spirit—still in vesturing clay,—
Arise, O soul! and wing the upward way
E'en to the realms of God's eternal day
And drink its bliss—divine!

EDWARD VINCENT.

At Death.

The tear drops fall from other eyes than mine.
I weep not—I rejoice:
Mine eyes are diamond; and yet, before me shine
Hosy'm's glories, and a voice
Speaks to the spirit—still in vesturing clay,—
Arise, O soul! and wing the upward way
E'en to the realms of God's eternal day
And drink its bliss—divine!

EDWARD VINCENT.

NATURALIZATION.

Laws Governing the Subject—Important to Election Officers and Voters.

A correspondent requests the publication of the law relating to the naturalization of foreigners, and what entitles their children to a vote. For the benefit of the correspondent and for the instruction of election officers, we give the important items of the law bearing on the subject. They are found in the Revised Statutes of the United States, edition of 1878, under Title XXX., subject Naturalization:

SECTION 2165. An alien may be admitted to become a citizen of the United States in the following manner, and not otherwise:

First. He shall declare on oath, before a Circuit or District Court of the United States, or a District or Supreme Court of the Territories, or a court of record of any of the States having a common law jurisdiction, and a seal and clerk, two years, at least, prior to his admission, that it is *bona fide* his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and to renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state or sovereignty of which the alien may be at the time a citizen or subject.

Second. He shall, at the time of his application to be admitted, declare, on oath, before some one of the courts above specified, that he will support the Constitution of the United States, and that he absolutely and entirely renounces and abjures all allegiance and fidelity to every foreign prince, potentate, State or sovereignty, and particularly by name, to the prince, potentate, State or sovereignty of which he was before a citizen or subject; which proceedings shall be recorded by the clerk of the court.

Third. It shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the court admitting such alien that he has resided within the United States five years at least, and within the State or Territory where such court is at the time held, one year at least; and that during that time he has behaved as a man of good moral character, attached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States, and well disposed to the good order and the happiness of the same; but the oath of the applicant shall in no case be allowed to prove his residence.

Fourth. In case the alien applying to be admitted to citizenship has borne any hereditary title, or been of any of the order of nobility in the kingdom or State from which he came, he shall, in addition to the above requisites, make an express renunciation of his title or order of nobility in the court to which his application is made, and his renunciation shall be recorded in the court.

SECTION 2,166. Any alien, of the age of 21 years and upward, who has enlisted or may enlist in the armies of the United States, either the regular or volunteer forces, and has been, or may be hereafter, honorably discharged, shall be admitted to become a citizen of the United States, upon his petition, without any previous declaration of his intention to become such; and he shall not be required to prove more than one year's residence within the United States previous to his application to become such citizen; and the court admitting such alien shall, in addition to such proof of residence and good moral character, as now provided by law, be satisfied by competent proof of such person's having been honorably discharged from the service of the United States.

SEC. 2167. Any alien, being under the age of 21 years, who has resided in the United States three years next preceding his arrival at that age, and who has continued to reside therein to the time he may make application to be admitted a citizen thereof, may, after he arrives at the age of 21 years, and after he has resided five years within the United States, including the three years of his minority, be admitted a citizen of the United States, without having made the declaration required in the first condition of Section 2165; but such alien shall make the declaration required therein at the time of his admission; and shall further declare, on oath, and prove to the satisfaction of the Court, that, for two years next preceding, it has been his bona fide intention to become a citizen of the United States; and he shall in all other respects comply with the laws in regard to naturalization.

SEC. 2172. The children of persons who have been duly naturalized under any law of the United States, or who, previous to the passing of any law on that subject by the Government of the United States, may have become citizens of any one of the States, under the laws thereof, being under the age of 21 years at the time of the naturalization of their parents, shall, if dwelling in the United States, be considered as citizens thereof; and the children of persons who are now, or have been, citizens of the United States, shall, though born out of the limits and jurisdiction of the United States, be considered as citizens thereof; but no person heretofore proscribed by any State, or who has been legally convicted of having joined the army of Great Britain during the Revolutionary war, shall be admitted to become a citizen without the consent of the Legislature of the State in which such person was proscribed.

These sections should be cut out and pasted in the hat of every election officer, and it should be their duty to see that the provisions of the law are strictly complied with.

Methodists for Blaine.

We commend the following Rockford (Ill.) special of the San Francisco Chronicle to our California clergymen who are determined not to vote for St. John for the Presidency:

ROCKFORD, Ill., Sept. 29.—The Conference of Methodist ministers from this and adjoining States closed their religious programme on Friday, and in the evening attended a Blaine meeting almost in a body. Most of the most prominent preachers were on the stand and made political speeches, among them being the Rev. Dr. Hatfield, the leading Methodist divine of Illinois, and Rev. Dr. Bristol. Dr. Hatfield said he made his last political speech in Rockford four years ago for Garfield, adding: "There are three probabilities for the election of Blaine to-night where there was one for the election of Garfield. Perhaps I should apologize for being here, as I am a minister, but I never understood that I surrendered all my rights and rid myself of all responsibilities as a citizen in becoming a minister of the gospel. All my interests in political questions for thirty years are centered around the moral issues involved. The choice is between Cleveland and Blaine. I know Butler is tainted of and St. John and Mrs. Lockwood (applause and laughter), and how many more of different sexes I don't know, but they are not of any consequence. They have not the weight of a feather. You have got to take your choice between Cleveland and Blaine, or else stand side by side with the hypothetical ass of the old metaphysical theologians—that is, the donkey between two bundles of hay, who could not make a choice and starved to death.

"With regard to the Democrats, they have put up a candidate for President of moral character so utterly bad that it is an insult to all decent men and virtuous women of the United States. I would rather not mention the name of Grover Cleveland; I feel that one wants to take a brush and wash out his mouth clean after mentioning that name."

Finally the speaker called upon his hearers, not a few of whom were St. John men and Methodist preachers, to stand like men and citizens and throw their influence on the side of that party which had been the friend of virtue and law for the past thirty years. He then gave way for the Rev. Frank Bristol, who eloquently eulogized Blaine and Logan.

The action taken by the Methodists at Rockford, as against prohibition, is regarded as most significant, and will have great weight throughout Illinois, Iowa and Nebraska.

Savings Fund and Building Society of Los Angeles.

THE SECRETARY OF THE ABOVE SOCIETY will be at the offices of Miles Bros., 119 N. Spring street, Temple Block, each saturday evening, from 7 to 9, until further notice, for the purpose of receiving payments from members and to extend information as to the methods and objects of the society to all desiring it.
oct4 1m E. H. GRAMETT, Secretary.

CIGARETTES.

PET

REAL ESTATE.

J. W. Browning & Co.,

Real Estate Dealers,

No. 7 South Main, Opposite Grand Opera House.

WE PEREMPTORILY HAVE THE BEST LIST of Boyle Heights property of any agents in the city. Be sure and look at it. Fine views, sightly, fresh air, close to street cars. This is the best location for those who are troubled with lung diseases in the city. We have lots and lots ranging in price from $750 to $2500. Very fine houses at $2200, $2350 and $2500. We also have a few 5 and 10 acre lots for sale. Large, fine lots, 66x150, for $300, $350 and $365. Terms, $50 and $60.

$6250. A fine 4-room, hard-finished house, within 5 minutes of horse cars, on Pico st.

$1250 buys a fine lot, 80x110 feet, on Wright st., close to horse cars.

$2,500 buys an elegant lot on San Pedro st., covered with fine orange trees.

We have some very fine lots on 7th st., from $400 to $600. These are very fine lots. Be sure and look at them before you buy.

$10,000 buys one of the finest residences in the city, with elegant grounds and excellent view.

$35,000 will buy 24 acres of the finest fruit land in the city within close to horse cars; city water piped through the center of tract; about 1,000 good, healthy trees on the land; also, a very fine house. This is one of the finest places for a fine residence in the city. It also lies in a good place to subdivide into building lots. Anyone wishing to speculate will do well to call at once.

$4,000 will buy a large, new, two-story house on 5th st., with all the modern improvements.

$3,000 buys a fine 5-room cottage, with bath, marble mantels and washstands, on Flower st., close to Normal School.

$2,400 buys a very fine house on Flower st., with very handsome grounds.

$2,000 buys a neat cottage on Flower st.

$2,500 buys a new house on Temple st., of 6 rooms.

$7,500 per acre buys two of the best orange orchards, 15 years old, in the county.

$7,500 buys house and lot near Ellis Villa College.

EIGHT ACRES WITHIN CITY LIMITS. There is now growing and in a healthy condition, 200 apricot trees, 50 Bartlett pear trees, 50 apple trees, 50 nectarine trees, 75 peach trees, 10 apple trees, 50 navel orange trees, 6 lemon trees, one acre of grapes, never-failing well of fine water; in the best part of the city; also a beautiful home; $12,500.

Houses in all parts of the city.

2 lots on Charity street, near Washington, $350 each.

Lot on Third street, near Wall, $1,000.

Lots on Pearl street, 50x175, $1,000.

5 lots on Hope street, near Pearl, $600 each.

Lot on Fort street, near Third, $1,000.

Lot on Hill street, near Fourth, $500 to $1,000.

Lots in all parts of the city, ranging from $200 to $10,000.

Several houses in city to exchange for ranches.

A number of farms to exchange for property.

Descriptive Price List on application. Arlington Colony Lands a specialty. EASY TERMS.

FOR SALE.

40-Acre Dairy Farm

$4,500—HALF ON TIME.

NEAR CHERRY FACTORY, school and church. About one-half in alfalfa. Flowing artesian well. Large pond stocked with fish. Some fruit trees in orchard. 5-room house, large barn, chicken house and stock corrals.

As it is not convenient for the owner to occupy the place, it will be sold at a bargain. Apply to JOHN S. CALKINS, Room 6, Schumacher Block, opposite Postoffice.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

133 COLONIES OF ITALIAN BEES from hives. The finest strain of Italians; with house of 5 rooms, barn, well and windmill. Cheap. Apply to

JOHN S. CALKINS, Room 6, Schumacher Block, Opposite Postoffice.

Business Opportunity.

A PARTNER WANTED WITH $2500 to $3000 cash in an established selling business. Fixed and machinery new and in good working condition. Will guarantee a profit of 50 per cent. per annum on capital invested. Real estate security given. Address JOHN S. CALKINS, room 6, Schumacher Block, P. O.

LARGE QUANTITY OF LAND

—IN—

Antelope Valley

For Sale

AT $6 PER ACRE

—IN—

Tracts of 160 Acres

AND MORE.

Lots 305½x178 feet, between Bellevue and Washington street, quarter of a mile east of Figueroa street, at $500 each.

Lot on west side of Carlisle street, 50 feet south of Main, 50x140 ½ feet deep. Price, $400.

Two lots south west corner First and Boyle streets, 150 feet on Pearl by 135 on First, 80 feet alley. Price for both, $500.

325 acres in Travis tract, near Compton, at $1,300 a lot for 60 feet front.

170x165 feet, on Olive street, near Pearl, at $1,300 a lot for 60 feet front.

Lot 23 Loop and Meserve Tract, Pasadena; twenty acres with constant stream capable of two inches of water, miner's measurement, yielding 50,000 gallons of water each 24 hours. $1,450.

M. L. WICKS.

Residence: 121 South Fort Street, Los Angeles.

FOR SALE.

Lots! Lots! Lots!

At Half Price for the Next Thirty Days.

Owing to the urgent necessity of raising the

Ellis Villa College,

100 lots are now offered to the public at

$100 EACH!

The location of these lots is unquestionably the finest in the city. For particulars apply to

P. G. EDDY & CO., Agents, 219 N. Main street, opposite Pico House.

ONTARIO!

The Model Colony

For full information apply to

GEO. CHAFFEY,

Rooms 6, 7 and 8,

Schumacher Block, Opp. Postoffice

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

L. W. DENNIS C. C. COOK

DENNIS & COOK

REAL ESTATE,

LOAN AND INSURANCE.

248 MAIN STREET,

Baker Block, Los Angeles, Cal.

Have for sale city property, orange orchards, vineyards, ranches and unimproved land. Take charge of property and pay taxes for non-residents. Money to loan on first-class real estate security. Correspondence solicited and information promptly given. References: First National Bank, Los Angeles County Bank.

MARTIN ROSENBERG.

DESIGNER AND INTERIOR HOUSE DECORATOR in Lincrusta-Walton, paint, gold, silver, bronze, brocade, plain and fancy tints in encaustic and water colors. Parties wanting to have their residences beautified will please call and examine samples of my decorations, or address 423 West Seventh street. Office hours from 1 to 4 p. m. oct3 1m

Ring Up No. 40.

IF YOU WANT A HACK OR CARRIAGE night or day, Los Angeles Carriage Co., 201 North Main street.

G. E. BUTLER, Sup't.

oct9 1m

REAL ESTATE.

SPECIAL BARGAIN

—IN—

REAL ESTATE

—OF—

John S. Calkins

Room 6, Schumacher Block,

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE, LOS ANGELES.

10 acres in the fruit belt; best of deciduous fruits and oranges; no hills; 1,000 feet above sea; good climate; perfectly protected with asthma, throat or lung disease; mountain water piped to house and barn; close to 14; good society; near school and railroad station; $1,500; will exchange for city property or lots in city.

10 acres, ¾ mile from city limits; 4-room house; barn, well, tank and windmill; 4 acres in bearing grapes, 1 acre in bearing oranges, apples, peach and other fruit; 3½ acres in bearing grapes; 2 acres in city limits, all in fruit; 5-room house, barn, well, tank; windmill; fine water; cheap place; $4500.

40 acres ¾ mile from city limits; 20 acres in trees and vines, two wells, tank, windmill, barn, etc.; will sell 10 or more; $50 per acre.

7 acres 3½ miles from L. A. P. O.; bearing fruits and vines; 3-room house; barn; water piped to house; well, tank and windmill; house, barn, etc.; $4000.

Several 5-acre lots in city limits; 1½ miles from P. O.; fine view; good fruit land; $250 per acre.

9 acres near the University; fine view; $3 per acre; must sell 10 acres or more.

10 acres vineyard, about 4 miles from Los Angeles; fine well; good windmill; $300 per acre.

An extensive list of orange groves, lemon yards, fruit farms, dairy, stock and chicken ranches.

5-room house, near street cars; $1,500.

6-room house convenient to horse cars; $3,500.

5-room house on Fort, near Second; $4,800; near Postoffice.

5-room house near street cars; $1,800.

New 7 room, 2-story house; bath, pantry, hall; large lot; orange trees; near street cars.

House of 11 rooms very nice; bath; well located for renting rooms; $2,400.

An elegant cottage, nearly new, with furniture; in the best part of the city; a beautiful home; $12,500.

Houses in all parts of the city.

2 lots on Charity street, near Washington, $350 each.

Lot on Third street, near Wall, $1,000.

Lots on Pearl street, 50x175, $1,000.

5 lots on Hope street, near Pearl, $600 each.

Lot on Fort street, near Third, $1,000.

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40-Acre Dairy Farm

$4,500—HALF ON TIME.

NEAR CHERRY FACTORY, school and church. About one-half in alfalfa. Flowing artesian well. Large pond stocked with fish. Some fruit trees in orchard. 5-room house, large barn, chicken house and stock corrals.

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—IN—

Antelope Valley

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AT $6 PER ACRE

—IN—

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AND MORE.

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Lot on west side of Carlisle street, 50 feet south of Main, 50x140 ½ feet deep. Price, $400.

Two lots south west corner First and Boyle streets, 150 feet on Pearl by 135 on First, 80 feet alley. Price for both, $500.

325 acres in Travis tract, near Compton, at $1,300 a lot for 60 feet front.

170x165 feet, on Olive street, near Pearl, at $1,300 a lot for 60 feet front.

Lot 23 Loop and Meserve Tract, Pasadena; twenty acres with constant stream capable of two inches of water, miner's measurement, yielding 50,000 gallons of water each 24 hours. $1,450.

M. L. WICKS.

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$6250. A fine 4-room, hard-finished house, within 5 minutes of horse cars, on Pico st.

$1250 buys a fine lot, 80x110 feet, on Wright st., close to horse cars.

$2,500 buys an elegant lot on San Pedro st., covered with fine orange trees.

We have some very fine lots on 7th st., from $400 to $600. These are very fine lots. Be sure and look at them before you buy.

$10,000 buys one of the finest residences in the city, with elegant grounds and excellent view.

$35,000 will buy 24 acres of the finest fruit land in the city within close to horse cars; city water piped through the center of tract; about 1,000 good, healthy trees on the land; also, a very fine house. This is one of the finest places for a fine residence in the city. It also lies in a good place to subdivide into building lots. Anyone wishing to speculate will do well to call at once.

$4,000 will buy a large, new, two-story house on 5th st., with all the modern improvements.

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$2,400 buys a very fine house on Flower st., with very handsome grounds.

$2,000 buys a neat cottage on Flower st.

$2,500 buys a new house on Temple st., of 6 rooms.

$7,500 per acre buys two of the best orange orchards, 15 years old, in the county.

$7,500 buys house and lot near Ellis Villa College.

EIGHT ACRES WITHIN CITY LIMITS. There is now growing and in a healthy condition, 200 apricot trees, 50 Bartlett pear trees, 50 apple trees, 50 nectarine trees, 75 peach trees, 10 apple trees, 50 navel orange trees, 6 lemon trees, one acre of grapes, never-failing well of fine water; in the best part of the city; also a beautiful home; $12,500.

Houses in all parts of the city.

2 lots on Charity street, near Washington, $350 each.

Lot on Third street, near Wall, $1,000.

Lots on Pearl street, 50x175, $1,000.

5 lots on Hope street, near Pearl, $600 each.

Lot on Fort street, near Third, $1,000.

Lot on Hill street, near Fourth, $500 to $1,000.

Lots in all parts of the city, ranging from $200 to $10,000.

Several houses in city to exchange for ranches.

A number of farms to exchange for property.

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219 S. Main St., Los Angeles, Cal. opp. Pico House. oct29f

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CHEAP LANDS FOR SALE. AN ABUNDANCE of water; splendid climate. Address J. J. HAMFORD, Lancaster, Cal. oct9 3m

FOR SALE

GO TO EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY. Choice improved ranch land at San Gregonio Station, S. P. R. R. Will exchange for lots in Pasadena. First-class bargain if taken soon. Call at Room 8 Nadeau Block (under stairs). oct8 1f

APOTHECARIES' HALL.

R. C. GUIRADO'S APOTHECARIES' HALL, No. 9 is the oldest established drug store in Los Angeles county as well as the MOST EXTENSIVE and RELIABLE. Has on hand and arriving daily a large and beautiful stock of

Fancy Goods and Perfumery

At wholesale prices. The regular Drug and Prescription Department is attended to by only first-class pharmacists.

Telephone No. 65.

231 N. Main St., opp. Commercial, oct17 1f

First Street Market,

NO. 18 WEST FIRST street, between Main and Spring, wholesale and retail dealers in fish, game and poultry. Also poultry and eggs. Have a spec alty. Highest cash prices paid for poultry. Orders from other towns promptly filled. Give us a call. Agents for Los Angeles Soap Co. oct 1m LINDON & SOLLE.

KENSINGTON ART ROOMS.

Stamping and Designs.

MRS. E. L. WITTE, oct 1m 27 North Main street.

200 TONS WALLS END SYDNEY COAL for sale in sacks, at $11.50 per ton, delivered; or bulk Cardiff, due in October. LOS ANGELES GAS CO., Office, No. 9 Rowers street.

Removal.

M. Perry, plumber, gas fitter, etc., will remove to Forster block, No. 20 South Main st., just opposite his present place of business November 1. oct20 2w

WASHINGTON AND NAPOLEON.

A PARALLEL.

TRANSLATED BY STUART STANLEY
From the French of Chateaubriand.

Washington does not belong, like Napoleon, to that titanic race which exceeds the stature of mankind. There is nothing astonishing in his personality; he is not placed on a vast theater; he has not had to measure himself with the ablest generals and most powerful monarchs of his time; he does not rush, like a meteor, from Memphis to Vienna, from Cadiz to Moscow; he defends himself with a handful of men in a land void of celebrity and romance, and in the narrow circle of his colonial home.

He fights no great battles which recall the triumphs of Arbela and Pharsalia; he overturns no thrones in order to erect others on their very ruins; he does not say to the kings who wait at his door,—

"*Qu' ils se font attendre,*
Et qu' Attila s' ennuie!"

There is something solemn and silent which envelopes the actions of Washington; he acts slowly and deliberately; indeed we might say that he felt charged with the liberty of the future and that he feared to compromise it. They are not his own destinies which are borne by this hero of another kind. No, they are the destinies of his country; he does not permit himself to play with the things which do not belong to him; but from that profound humility what rays of light have blazed forth!

Search those primeval forests where gleamed the sword of Washington! What do you find therein? Tombs? No; a World! Washington has left the United States as his trophy on the field of battle! Napoleon in no way resembled this grave American; he combats with uproar in a land whose history is lost in the night of ages; he wishes to create only his own renown; to secure but his own greatness and fortune. He seems to know that his career will be short, that the torrent which descends from so great a height will soon have run its course; he hastens to play with and to abuse his own glory, like so many in the winged days of their early manhood.

Like the gods of Homer, he would take but four steps to encompass the world. He appears in every land; he writes his name, precipitately, in the annals of every people; he throws crowns to his family and to his soldiers; he hurries along in his monuments, in his laws, in his victories.

Overshadowing our earth, with one hand he hurls kings from their thrones and with the other he paralyzes the Genius of the Revolution; but in crushing anarchy he stifled liberty and finished by losing his own on his last battlefield!

Every one is recompensed according to his works. Washington raised a nation to independence. Magistrate in repose, he passed away under his own roof, amidst the regrets of his fellow-countrymen and the veneration of all mankind.

Napoleon robbed a nation of its independence. Emperor no more, he is sent into exile, whilst Europe, terrified, scarcely believes him to be amply secured in his isle in the midst of the ocean. He dies. This news, published at the door of the palace before which the conqueror had proclaimed the death-knell of millions, neither stopped nor astonished those who heard it; why should they weep for him?

Washington represented the wants, the ideas, the lights, the opinions of his age; instead of opposing them he supported them; he desired that which he was called upon to perform, and hence the coherence and perpetuity of his work. That man, whose traits of character seem half concealed because of the majesty and harmony of their proportions, has identified his existence with that of his country. His glory is the patrimony of civilization; his renown is a public sanctuary which sends forth a mighty stream—the waters of liberty, if not the waters of life!

Napoleon could equally have served the common domain, for he led a nation at once intelligent, brilliant and brave. What a position he would occupy in history if he only joined magnanimity to all that was heroic in his character!

But this giant did not link his destiny to that of the myriads who served him. His genius belonged to his own time, but his ambition was that of antiquity; he did not see that the miracles of his life exceeded the value of a diadem. Sometimes he would move in advance of the age; sometimes he would recoil and lean on the past; but whether he advanced or retrograded, by his prodigious force of character, he impelled or arrested the tide of human progress.

Men were in his eyes only a means of climbing to power; no sympathy existed between their happiness and his own; he had promised to deliver them and he enchained them; he isolated himself from them, and they withdrew from him.

The kings of Egypt placed their funereal pyramids, not among smiling fields, but in the midst of sterile sands: these Cyclopian tombs rear their massive forms aloft—Symbols of Eternity in the midst of Solitude; Napoleon has built in their image the monument of his renown!

A Tariff Lesson.

We commend the following to the voters of Santa Clara county:

What is a tariff?

It is a tax on imports.

What are imports?

Goods and material brought from foreign countries and sold in the United States.

What becomes of this tax?

It goes into the United States Treasury, and is used to pay pensions and defray other expenses of the Government.

What is free trade?

It is admission of goods free of duty of tariff tax. In that case the revenue to defray the expenses of the Government would have to be raised by direct taxes amounting to about seven dollars for each man, woman and child in the United States.

What about the British lion?

He roars for free trade.

What of the American eagle?

He screams for protection.

What is a port of entry?

It is a place where foreign goods are received.

Who is a Collector of Customs?

The officer who collects the tariff.

What is ad valorem tariff?

A tax of so much according to the value of the goods imported. This kind of duty opens a way to fraud. Goods worth $2 can be billed at fifty cents and the price advanced after they have escaped the custom-house.

What is a specific duty?

A tariff tax of so much on each yard, pound, gallon or bushel, without regard to value.

What does Blaine say?

He says protect American industry.

What does Cleveland say?

He says nothing on the tariff. Eastern Democrats say tariff. Western Democrats say free trade.

What does the Bible say?

"He that does not provide for his own house is worse than an infidel."

Democrats who vote to build up foreign countries at the expense of their home, country and government, should get some one to read the above message to them.

Why should farmers vote for protection?

Farmers thrive best with a market near them. It is to their interest to build factories nearer home and encourage a diversity of labor.

Which ticket should the laboring man vote?

He should vote for protection.

Protection increases wages and dignifies labor.

Does not a tariff increase the price of an article, and is not the same added to the price and paid by the consumer? And does not the poor consumer pay this enormous tax on almost everything to the bloated, manufacturing monopolist?

It does not. In 1836 a tariff of seven cents a yard was placed on cotton goods then selling at thirty cents a yard. In 1844 it was shown that cotton goods sold at six cents a yard. Later a duty of three and one-half cents per pound was placed on nails, and under that law nails sold in the market at three and one-quarter cents. Likewise a duty of $4 per box was placed on glass, and while the law was in force glass sold at $3.50 per box. Again, when England was selling us steel rails at $150 per ton, the bare proposition to make rails in this country by the Bessemer process caused the price to fall to $110. Now, with the tariff at $28 per ton, steel rails are quoted at the low price of $27 per ton.

At Rest.

In an exchange we find the following extract from a private letter written by Mr. Robert Burdette (the celebrated humorist of the Burlington Hawkeye), describing the death of his much-loved invalid wife:

The gray light of early morning was creeping in through the open windows and on her patient face, glorified by suffering, was shining another, fairer light, that I know was streaming from celestial portals opening for her. She smiled sweetly as I crossed the room and stooped to kiss her, and said:

"Rob, dear, it is

"'The chill before the dawning
Between the night and morning.'"

It was the hour at which she had expressed a wish that she might pass away, and I knew that she referred to a favorite verse of a poem that she loved. I said:

"Yes, dear, I think the sun will come very soon now."

Her face grew radiant as she smiled again and said:

"Yes, he will come for me this morning."

Dora was quickly at her side, and we knew there were watchers whom we could not see standing in the room. She who was so nearly past all suffering was solicitous only for our comfort, and in quiet, loving tones gave me some little instructions; "You must keep well," she said: "for Robbie's sake you must keep well and strong."

The nurse entered the room, but Carrie could take neither nourishment nor medicine. "I want nothing," she said. Her breathing became more laborious. The doctor arrived, but she could not swallow the medicine, and he held her hand, bade her good bye and went away, promising to come in again during the morning. About six o'clock Robbie came into the room to kiss his "little mamma," and stood close by her side.

There was no fear, no dread in all the scene. She could speak only in short, broken sentences. As I regarded the beautiful promises to her, how her face kindled, as she smiled on us, turning her dear face from one to the other! Even as she entered the river, she said "the sun is shining on it." She did not shirk. The waters were not so cold or so bitter. She had no fear, for she relied on the strong right arm of the Righteous.

Morning's sudden impulse, about half an hour before she passed away, Robie rushed to her side, threw his arms about her, and holding her close, kissed her. She kissed her boy and tenderly said:

"God bless my baby."

It was her last blessing on earth. "Lord," she said in broken accents, checked by her troubled breathing, "into Thy hands I commend my spirit." Still she looked at us, smiling, until a few minutes before the end. She asked for a drink of orangeade, but could not swallow. "Even so," she whispered, "come quickly, Lord Jesus." Her head fell back in my arms. Like a flash of sunlight the "bright white light" swept across her face, carrying away every line and mark of pain, every shade and cloud of disease; her face turned upward and her eyes grew strangely radiant. "Mother," she called joyously, as a tired child springing into a mother's arms: "Mother! mother!" and she was folded in the arms of the angel who passed away when she was a child. Her face was white as the starlight, her radiant eyes were not dimmed when we closed them, and there is a smile in many years she slept without pain.

Velvet mosses cover the little mound where she sleeps, and graceful ferns fringe it around. She rests in the beautiful churchyard of quaint, old-fashioned, Lower Merion Church. It is her own wish, made nearly or quite a year ago.

I think the angels must have been glad to see her come. So many of them had ministered unto her, and strengthened her in her pilgrimage of suffering, that I know that they rejoiced when she came to be with them. There was never so brave, so patient a life among men; there could be no life braver even among women.

Woman as a Helpmeet.

Mary E. Coldwell in the Current.]

"A perfect woman nobly planned,
To warn, to comfort and command."

The high vocation of women as monitors of the family circle seems never to have received the serious consideration it deserves. Advice so commonly given to women in regard to the physical comforts of their households is, for the most part, unnecessary. A true womanly instinct prevents the majority from neglecting these minor matters. It is their higher duties which they so often fail to appreciate and for which they are commonly too ill prepared. "To warn," to keep bright the moral armor of husband, son, father or brother, is a work the influence of which is wide and ever increasing, and which is seen in its fullness when some great social reform is accomplished. And this great work is the special duty and privilege of women whose interests are confined chiefly to their own homes. Working-women, so called, like all other bread-winners, are compelled to think much about sordid things and are themselves constantly exposed to multifarious and subtle temptations. The fact that frequent contact with evil tends to blunt human sensibilities makes a strong counteracting influence a necessity. This can only be provided in the pure and noble atmosphere of a true home. So trite a statement would hardly bear repeating were there not so many family circles in which the moral influence is by no means the strongest. Few women doubt their capacity for home-making and home keeping. They learn how to sew and to cook. They prepare themselves carefully for teaching and other occupations and they seek to become accomplished, cultured and refined, that they may shine in society. But God and nature seem to be expected to prepare women, without her knowledge or interference, for the most important duties of home life. The truth is, this field of labor, more than all others, requires skillfully trained laborers. To really succeed here women must know how to observe, to consider and to act. They must have only their own moral sense thoroughly aroused, but must keep it in constant cultivation. And if they are in the highest sense progressive, if they seek the immeasurable assistance of intellectual culture and refinement, they may lead the van of reform movements without stepping from the modest retirement of their own homes. It is their separation, in a sense, from the world that gives to domestic women a peculiarly favorable opportunity for moral culture. They alone, as personally disinterested observers, are able to weigh the world's many temptations and note the terrible results of its great and small immoralities. They alone, comparatively free from the blinding influence of the glitter and false colors of evil, can, if properly enlightened, look upon sin with the horror it merits.

Such women never connive at, or condone wrong, though the guilty person be their nearest friend. For love's own sake they are unsparing in their condemnation of all immoral doings, and shrink almost with terror from the blood-guiltiness found in the pseudo charity which makes too light of sin because of a morbidly sentimental feeling for the sinner. Moreover, it is morally enlightened women who the most readily and anxiously seek to lift up the fallen, and whose sympathy and mercy are most unselfishly offered.

Strong moral support is an absolute necessity for the success of any good cause. Every man with an earnest purpose can look almost with certainty for the attainment of his object if he has some one to hold up his hands. So fully is this realized that no one is surprised to hear how this or that great reformer received his strongest inspiration from a good wife or mother, of whom the world knows nothing further.

Indeed, there seems to be no reasonable doubt that the greater part of the purifying influences exerted upon the world springs from comparatively obscure wives, mothers and sisters who have learned the noble duties of their positions. And their vocation cannot be too highly exalted; it demands the exercise of head and brain; it asks for the highest qualities a woman can possess, but success in it means the greatest reward obtainable—a pure home, a world made better, power and influence a queen might envy, and eternal happiness assured.

A CALAMITY TO BE AVERTED.

Reasons of a Prohibitionist for Supporting Blaine.

Mrs. Wittenmyer, well known during the war as an active worker in the hospitals of the United States, and for some years President of the International Woman's Christian Temperance Union, has written the following letter:

SUSQUEHANNA, Pa., Oct. 2, 1884.

Joseph D. Weeks, Pittsburg, Pa.—DEAR FRIEND: Yours from New York was not received until this evening. In reply I have to say:

First—I am not loyal to this Government as I was during the war, and do not think that we are yet ready or can safely turn over the interests of the country to those who brought on the war or sympathized with the rebellion.

2nd. I should regard it as a great social and national calamity if a man like Cleveland should be elevated to the highest office in the gift of the people. I believe that the Democratic party will and ought to carry a burden of disgrace for years because of his candidacy, and that is the duty of every decent man to do all in his power to defeat him.

3d. I believe in the prohibition of the liquor traffic, but I do not think that the question can be handled as a National question. To run a Presidential candidate and try to secure an amendment to the National Constitution is like trying to put a roof on a house before the foundation is laid or the walls are up.

4th. I am satisfied that the party managers are now working to build up and are more concerned for that than for principles; and that if the Republican party had passed a sensible temperance resolution and nominated St. John, the Prohibition-party managers would not have been satisfied. Yesterday Dr. Olin, a staunch temperance man, the presiding elder of Binghamton district, who made last winter in the New York Legislature the best record any temperance man has ever made, and who last year nominated by the Prohibition party and indorsed and supported by the Republicans unanimously, was defeated in the Prohibition Convention *because the Republicans had nominated him*, and a second-rate man nominated who thanked the convention for the honor, and said that of course he could not be elected, but he was willing to be *sacrificed for the good of the cause*. I believe that most of the votes cast for St. John will be given indirectly to Cleveland, and that the Prohibition party is in fact if not in its plan a *Democratic annex*. I am not running on that line but am against the movement. Yours for the right,

ANNIE WITTENMYER.

THE TRUTH TOLD

About English Gold Assisting the Democratic Party.

To the Editor of the New York Tribune—SIR: I see by the Semi-Weekly Tribune of the 16th inst that the Hon. J. P. Dolliver, of Iowa, affirms that "British gold is to be used in this canvass." We have in Maine an Englishman who has built up from very small beginnings, for himself and sons, a very large and profitable trade in the manufacture of special goods, which before his day always came from England. His goods are now of the very best, and his prices are much less than those at which the imported articles were sold.

I was his guest a little while ago at his charming home, when he told me this story. He was at home—England—and was one day in a large warehouse of a friend of his, a manufacturer on a large scare. A gentleman came in whom he did not know, and, taking his friend apart, showed him a small memorandum of his business and family talk, his friend went to his desk and drew a check which he gave to the stranger, who went away. His friend explained to him that it was his contribution to a fund for which all manufacturers were assessed in proportion to the products of their mills.

"What is this fund?" my informant asked.

"It is for use in the United States in the interest of Free Trade."

"How is the money employed?"

"In subsidizing American newspapers, in paying lecturers and other persons in operating on public opinion, in payment to writers of tracts, in printing and circulating them in the United States, especially in the West, and among members of Congress."

"Do you really operate directly on Congress?"

"Yes; by lobbyists regularly employed for that purpose."

"Does any of the fund go into the pockets of members?"

"I do not know anything of that."

This information is entirely reliable, coming to me directly from a man well known to me and widely known and honored in this country. NEAL DOW.

Portland, Me., October 8, 1884.

Household Hints.

Very pretty sofa cushions are made of surah, with a little bright and showy embroidery on it. The edge may be finished plainly or have a fringed-out pleating of the same color as the cushion cover.

To brighten the nursery wall, tack some narrow tape to the wall in the form of a diamond. Leave spaces between the tacks, so that the corner of cards may be slipped under. Then take bright and pretty cards, business or Christmas cards, and fill the diamond with them.

The large tidies known to fame as the "Jumbo" tidy are especially adapted for the willow and rattan chairs that are so popular now. The tidies are of macrame cord, and have very broad stripes, with wide spaces for ribbon. They should be large enough to cover the entire back of the chair.

It is the custom at church entertainments to collect the money given in baskets. It is a pretty fancy to choose odd-shaped baskets, and to fill them with flowers, with the exception of a small space, nearly or quite in the center, which is reserved for a glass or goblet, or a small tumbler, which is to hold the money.

On the Bridge.

All the storm has rolled away,
Only now a cloud or two
Drifts in ragged disarray
Over the deep darkened blue;
And the risen golden morn
Shakes the shadows of the trees
Round the river's stillnesses
And the birdsong of the June.

Under me the current glides,
Brown and deep and dimly lit,
Soundless save against the tides
Of the arch that narrows it;
And the only sound that grieves
In a noise that never stops,
Footsteps of the fallen drops
Down the ladders of the leaves.

—A. B. Ropes.

MISLED PROHIBITIONISTS.

A Letter from the Hon. Frederick Douglass.

How Votes for Mr. St. John Will Aid the Party of the Grog-shop and the Bulldozer.

New York Tribune, Sept. 24.]

SIR: Among the political forces of the hour, characterized by irrational individualism and a rampant tendency to faction which threatens not only the stability of political parties, but popular government itself, reducing society to a condition of chaos, that one which proposes to organize a National Prohibition party and to give its vote in the present election to ex-Governor St. John, of Kansas, is, perhaps, best entitled to respect. It certainly is more worthy of consideration than that other party which, masquerading in the name of independence, is laboring might and main to bring back to power the old Democratic party, and is willing to assassinate a great and good party merely from personal dislike to James G. Blaine, though to this hour it has not proved a single charge it has made against the object of its spite.

The Prohibition party stands upon a different footing, and it is actuated by different motives. Though, as I think, it is manifestly wrong and abundant in mischief, its members are among the most conscientious and philanthropic of the American people.

There is no denying that these people, though manifestly in error, are actuated by pure motives. Dominated by a single idea, detached from all questions affecting the general, moral and material interats of the country, having before them an object which excludes all else, assuming to follow in the footsteps of those noble men and women who waged a thirty years' moral warfare against slavery, and were instrumental in making possible the overthrow of the slave system, these Prohibitionists think to do the same for intemperance.

Such a people are not to be ridiculed or denounced out of their convictions. Against them no weapons should be brought less effective than reason, truth and humanity.

Lest what I am about to say shall be rejected on the presumption that I have a leaning toward liquor, I may say that I am both a temperance man and a prohibitionist. I neither drink, smoke, chew nor take snuff. Yet I am not, in a party sense, a prohibitionist, or in favor of erecting a political party upon that single issue; certainly not at the present time, when the practical effect of the organization of such a party is to withdraw votes from the Republican party, and thus to strengthen and place in power the rum and slavery Democratic party.

From the nature and composition of the Republican party, composed of the most moral and philanthropic of the American people, the Prohibition party will naturally draw ten votes from that party to one from the Democratic party.

It is notorious that the strength and prestige of the Democratic party are due to the solid vote of the South and almost equally due to the solid vote of the dram-shops of the North.

When, therefore, I am asked to vote for Mr. St. John I am asked to assist, not the cause of temperance or prohibition—for at present such assistance is impossible—but to place in power a party distinguished for its sympathy with intimidation, lawless violence and the destruction of the freedom of the ballot in the South, while it supports the whisky-drinking customs of the North.

It is nothing against this, that our friends of the Prohibition party are at heart opposed alike to the grogshop and the bulldozer's whip. I speak only of the effect of their political action and of the defense that they make of that action.

They say, "Suppose we do defeat the election of James G. Blaine and John A Logan, and thus overthrow the Republican party, and bring into power Grover Cleveland and Thomas A. Hendricks, and the old Democratic party, the final result will be good, since out of the ruins of the Republican party there will arise a Prohibition party, which, four years hence, through disgust at the wickedness of the Democratic party, will come into power and destroy the manufacture and traffic in ardent spirits altogether," an assumption about as wild and irrational as it is possible to conceive.

Suppose the main fact in this prohibition argument be granted, a thing utterly opposed to reason, what better is that argument than open, undisguised justification of doing a damnable evil in order that, by some mysterious way, good may come?

Man's mission in this world is to do good, and to leave to the inscrutable wisdom of Providence the mission of bringing good out of evil. Any other moral philosophy than this leads to moral confusion and to the bottomless pit. But there is not the slightest shadow of a probability that the defeat of the Republican party in the approaching election will destroy that party, or that the Democratic party, once in power, would be hurled from it at the end of four years by a Prohibition party. By its principles, its antecedents, and the character of the men who compose it, as well as by the spirit of progress that pervades it, the Republican party gives the strongest assurance of its permanence.

It is nothing against this position that the old Abolition party defeated and destroyed the Whig party, nor is the point well taken when it is said that my position is that of the old Whigs as against the Abolition party of forty years ago. My answer is that there is no force in the supposed analogy between the cases.

The similarity lacks likeness, for the cases are fundamentally different. The Abolitionists had reasons for opposing both the Whig and Democratic parties, which do not apply, in any just sense, to the Republican party. Both the Whig and Democratic parties were openly and shamelessly committed by their platforms and by their candidates to the maintenance of slavery and to the suppression of every manifestation of opposition to slavery. Both Henry Clay and James K. Polk were slaveholders.

In regard to prohibition, the Republican party occupies no such position. It neither condemns nor approves a man for being a prohibitionist. It simply awaits a settled judgment of the people in respect to that issue, and meanwhile does nothing to hinder a growth of public opinion on that subject. It simply does what every party which believes in a government of the people and by the people should do—to-wit, executes the popular will.

The idea that a few men can get together and say, "Go to, now, we will make a political party," on this or that separate issue, and succeed, is a mistake. Wendell Phillips said the truth when he said, "Parties are not made—they grow." A party, to succeed, must not only have ideas, but numbers. A few men, combined together, may work mischief by depriving a good party of power and putting a bad party in power. But in order to accomplish any good end, it must itself have either a majority or a reasonable probability of becoming a majority. Fiat parties, no more than fiat money, can be popular under our government.

When, by discussion and operation of moral forces, it shall be the settled judgment of the American people that the traffic in ardent spirits shall be abolished, the Republican party will be as ready to register that judgment and put it in the shape of wise legislation, as any party which may now or hereafter be formed.

The mistake our Prohibition friends are now making is full of mischief and possible disaster. It is based upon the assumption that we no longer have a Southern question, and that the mission of the Republican party is ended. Both propositions are erroneous. Until the constitution of the United States, in all its provisions and amendments, is respected in the Southern States, we shall still have a Southern question. Until the gates of education shall be equally thrown open to colored and white people alike, in the Southern States as in the Northern, we shall still have a Southern question. Until the pathway to the ballot box in the South shall be straight, smooth and safe to a Republican as to a Democrat, we shall still have a Southern question, and one with which only the Republican party has thus far shown the needed wisdom and disposition to deal.

We ask our Prohibition friends in the name of their old-time anti-slavery sent

I Do Not Dare to Trust Him.

I do not dare to trust the man
Who does not love the children,
Who, in a round of childish sports,
Has never led or drilled 'em;
Who sits not down upon the green
With Bennie, Sue and Mollie,
But stalks abroad, his head erect,
His visage melancholy.

Nor would I an acquaintance make
Of one that's ever carping
His neighbor's faults, the while his own
Are his own soul a-warping;
The man who in a glass house bides
'Tis said should throw stones little,
Such compliments are oft returned,
And glass is awful brittle.

Nor do I wish to know the men
Who daily ogle ladies;
Such men, I think, should banished be
Farther from here than Cadiz;
For them her sisters on the street
Could walked unveiled a-shopping,
Nor pass with spirit-guarding eyes—
With lids and lashes dropping.

The least of all, I think, is he
Who smiles and smiles unduly,
Who turns from one all poor y clad
To one all richly, n-wly;
And when the tides of fortune turn
And gold and silver—ebbed,
Fails to the poor man's lap—why! then
The fawner's smile is shifted.

With such as these I've no desire
To form a close relation,
But one—with all of human kind—
The right of segregation;
Still, when I meet earth's nobleman—
Friendless or patrician—
With all my heart to him I yield
The glance of recognition.

EDWARD VINCENT.

JARVIS.

BY MARY ADAMS JAMESON.

XVI.

THE NAKED TRUTH.

He had been walking rapidly up and down the room, as was his custom when anything unusually stirred him; but now he suddenly stopped and folded his arms across his breast, as if to still some inward tumult, while a dark scowl shadowed his brow, and his eyes, full of smouldering fires, were bent gloomily on the floor. Ellen was clutching the back of a chair for support, her wide, tearless eyes full of amazed incredulity, bordering on fear, like one, whom suddenly waked from a deep sleep while the brain is still sluggish, sees to slowly loom up before him some unexpected apparition. The revelation she had heard was so new and startling—almost past belief. She had often wondered why he had never married, but her conclusions were no nearer the truth than the manifold other conjectures of the neighborhood. And now she was to learn through what a *Gehenna* the channel of his life had run. She still stood with that same look on her face, when he again took up the broken threads and linked them together. The anguish of death was in his voice, and his face was livid, while great drops of sweat beaded his brow. He had drank deeply of the Marah waters and found them exceedingly bitter; he had gathered Dead Sea fruit and it had crumbled to dust in his hands.

"Six months later she fled with a *parade* French Count, who, I afterwards learned, was one of the worst roués of Baden Baden. His class are the unclean harpies of our social structure, swooping down on the pure viands of the feast, and leaving thereon the claw-marks of their filth and pollution. I tracked them to the Continent. With an unrelenting purpose for a whole year I pursued them from place to place—now almost certain of my prey—then a little off the scent, till they finally dropped away so obscurely that no trace of them could afterward be found. I remained abroad another year, still hoping for some clue, but was foiled on all sides by his many accomplices. I suffered the torments of the damned. I returned to my native land, but so prematurely old, and gray that even Maud did not recognize me; and when I called her by the old pet name, which I gave her in our childhood, she fainted at the wreck she beheld. As I wished to see none of my old friends, only my banker and lawyer knew of my return. I quickly made my plans for the future. The name of Schuyler Stuyvesant, which for generations my ancestors had worn like a royal diadem, was besmirched with the filth of the streets. Not even vengeance, which was denied me, could wipe out the dirty stains. I would no longer wear it. I would fling it from me as a leprous garment. Neither would I permit Maud to give it to her infant son and only living heir. I applied and received from the legislature permission to change my name, and took that of a distant relative of my mother; became plain Philip Daniels, M. D. The business of my estate and practice I left to be settled by my lawyer, and, in spite of the tears and remonstrances of Maud, turned my back upon my childhood's home, drifted to this isolated spot, where I hoped to die and be utterly forgotten. Some years afterward I saw in a foreign paper a notice of the death of the beautiful American Madame de Grange at the hospital Della Annunsiata in Naples. This was the name of the villian who wrecked my life. I immediately crossed the ocean to satisfy myself of its truth. The information gained at the hospital not only confirmed the statement, but revealed the old story of desertion, the swift descent through varied strata of dissipation to the bell-brothels of degradation, then an untimely end at the public charity. Such is the story of shame that wound its slimy folds about my life. I am like a tree stricken by the thunderbolt. It lives on, but the black, charred line of its track is visible still. I am a man aged before my time, whose youth and summer-time slipped away together, and who, henceforth, has only to do with the winters of life."

Throughout this narration he had maintained the same attitude, except his head had dropped a little lower upon his breast and the gloom upon his brow had deepened and darkened. He was dimly conscious that his strength was far spent. It perhaps was not wise to unlock the dismal archives of the past, but he had done his duty; he felt that, and felt, too, that he could not endure this strain much longer. He must end it at once. He shook himself, as though flinging off some terrible nightmare, and looked up. When lo! down the room a glorious apparition came swiftly toward him, the arms outstretched, the face radiant and sublime with the heroism of its love. He shaded his eyes with his hand to shut out the vision.

"My God!" he cried. "Paradise so near, and yet I must close the door with mine own hand!"

Soft, clinging fingers were on his arm, and a voice, that sounded to his famished soul like the voice of an angel, whispered,

"Philip! my Philip! I love you so. Let me atone for the wrong of another."

He flung off her touch and held her at arm's-length, while his face writhed with the agony he was enduring.

"Child! are you mad?" he cried, fiercely. "Do you not see? Can you not comprehend? Must I go over the shameful story again? Mark me well. I inherited a proud lineage and a famous name, yet I have been without either for more than a score of years. Though no crime of my own, it is true, yet I am an *outcast* from the homes of my ancestors. Can you imagine a worse hell on earth for a man, such as I am, than *that?*"

Her face only brighted and brightened till it shone like the face of an angel, and the voice, tremulous and tender, made answer:

"I would share it—not with Schuyler Stuyvesant, whom I never knew, but with Philip Daniels, whom I love."

She tore away from his grasp and flung herself in a passion of sobs upon his breast. He staggered back, panting like a stag at bay, with the mighty rush of joy that surged and surged through his being like the breakers of the ocean, till he was filled unutterably full with majesty of its presence. Then he folded his arms lightly about the shining thing on his breast, his face drooped to the bright head, while he murmured with infinite sadness, yet with infinite tenderness:

"O, my love—my little love! Dare I accept the sacrifice?"

The great, brown eyes were lifted to his full of unutterable devotion. That was his answer. A smile of ineffable beauty transfigured the haughty face and his eyes shone like stars. He touched his lips to the rippling hair. Then, stooping lower, folded down upon her mouth the very chrism of love.

O, long-suffering and sorely tried heart! O, brave, heroic maiden! Be happy for a brief season. This, too, will fade like the sunset's splendor, into a deepening twilight, and who knows but the blackness of night lies further on?

Quid sit futurum cras, fuge quærere.

XIX.

THE PORTRAIT.

Early the next morning Ellen descended to the conservatory. She was always up with the dawn, and either at the stable talking with her favorite horse or out under the trees caroling with the birds. She loved to mimic their delicious little trills and then watch them straighten themselves up, swell out their downy throats and burst forth in answering melody. Her voice was sweet, and full and round, clear as a bell, and, like a bird's, could soar without effort to the highest note. The conservatory opened both upon the drawing-room and dining-room by sliding glass doors and tapestry hangings. Ellen had drifted, like a bee, from flower to flower, inhaling draughts of sweet odor, and humming snatches of old melodies till an exquisite moss rose caught her eye. She sprang upon the marble steps leading from the dining-room, poised herself on tip-toe and reached for the coveted treasure. A touch startled her. She lost her balance and would have fallen, but a pair of strong arms caught and held her. She looked up. Daniels was looking down at her gravely and tenderly.

"Good morning, little truant!" Then very seriously, "How is my 'lady's yes' to-day? Does she regret the step taken yesterday?"

"My colors, sir, are 'true-blue,'" she flashed back at him, the roses deepening in her cheeks. "But Papa-guardian——" the old habit was still strong upon her. He frowned.

"Never *that* again, young lady, at your peril. It must be *Philip* now and henceforth."

"Philip, my king?" she softly whispered, nestling her head against his shoulder.

"But what did my birdling want to ask me a moment ago?"

"If you felt quite sure," she answered timidly, "that I can fill *her* place and make you happy?"

"My pure, white dove!" he said, stroking the bright hair, "be content to know that you are the only woman I have ever truly loved. My affection for *her* was 'a blind passion, which, when I lost her, wore itself to tatters and left me a wreck. Should I lose you, I think I should become something better than I am, for your dear sake. True love always ennobles both the giver and receiver. Be content to know this, and do not let your future be marred by any clouds of doubt or mistrust. Now to breakfast. Did you not hear the bell? Lion and I have had a long gallop over the hills this morning, and I am ravenously hungry."

He led the way to a small octagonal apartment at the other end of the dining-room. It was a cozy nook, bright with pictures of still-life, draperies, and rare flowers, arranged with a lavish, yet artistic hand. The table was laid for two, and a tiny boquet in a silver holder of antique design, stood at each plate. The snowy cloth of marvelous fineness, the gleaming silver and smoking viands, together with the bright and cheerful room, all made a scene worthy the admiration of the most fastidious epicure.

"What a treasure Mrs. Sanns is," said Ellen as they seated themselves with freshly whetted appetite. "She is a genius in table decoration. She never overloads; it is simply perfect and wants nothing more when she is done with it. Then how delicately considerate she is. Our bouquets are always freshly cut and just the flowers we each love best."

"Yes," said Daniels a little thoughtfully. "I have never known but one other to equal her taste and tact. She had an artist's eye for the beautiful, and always put on the finishing touches herself."

After breakfast Daniels drew Ellen into the drawing-room in front of a large painting over the mantel. It was Correggio's famous "Mercury Instructing Cupid," and the "gradations were so fine that the shadows seemed mutable and aerial."

"That picture has a history," said Daniels. "I found it in an old, dilapidated out-of-the-way inn in North Germany, doing duty as a fire screen. 'Mine host' did not know anything about it; he had found it in an old lumber-room of the inn twenty-five years before when he had become proprietor of it, and it had remained there ever since packed away with other rubbish, until shortly before my arrival it had been brought down to serve as a screen. It was nearly obliterated by the accumulation of generations of dust, and at one side was a deep gash, where some sharp instrument had been run through it. For a youth I was pretty well read on the subject of art, and I suspected at once that it was either the original or a very old copy of one of the great masters. I bought it of the landlord for a mere song and took it to one of the most celebrated artists then living. As he slowly and carefully removed the dirt and stains, the picture began to outline itself, and, one morning, when I entered the studio, he cried out in ecstacy:

"Behold, sir! a superb copy of Correggio's *chefs d'œuvres*; and see, here is the date," pointing to one corner, where were dimly outlined the figures 1560. "The name is gone," he continued, "if it ever was affixed to the picture, which is doubtful. But it must have been executed by a master hand of the 'School of Parma.'"

"Yes," I suggested, "the master's greatest disciple was dead twenty years prior to that date."

"So, so!" he answered, "Parmigianino was dead; but had he been living that picture would never have emanated from his hands. He was in no case a disciple, farther than to cultivate, to some extent, the manner of Correggio. He had too great an inventive genius and too much ambition to become the imitator of any one. But there were others in that school, who had not his inventive power, yet equalled him in *chiaroscuro* of colors and expression, who were content to closely follow the great master and reproduce his best works. I have seen the original," nodding toward the picture, "in the British National Gallery. I venture only an expert could have detected the difference between *that* and *this* in its pristine freshness."

"I paid him a fabulous sum to restore it and considered myself fortunate to get it at any price." As he spoke he touched a secret spring and the canvas slowly swung outward like a door, revealing an inner cavity and within that cavity was the portrait of a lady; a lady in her bridal dress of white velvet, with a veil of rich honiton and a tiara of diamonds on her golden affluence of hair.

"That—beautiful—woman—was—" slowly, with blanching cheeks.

"The *Lamia* of my murdered manhood—the *Pariah* of my dead past;" a dark flush sweeping across his cheek. He again touched the spring and the canvas swung back to its place with a sharp click.

"I wanted no secrets from you, my beloved," tenderly drawing her to him. "And now that you have seen the 'skeleton in the closet' we will throw the past behind us forever and look only to our future, taking a new lease of life and happiness. I intended to claim you on your next birthday, which, I believe, is just a month ahead. No protest, please," kissing the upturned, speaking face. "I have set my heart on it, and you must let me have my way in that matter. I shall claim the privilege, too, of selecting the bridal dress and veil. I am going to New York next week to arrange for a prolonged absence, as we will go directly abroad for a year, and as long thereafter as you choose. I will have the dress made there and bring it back with me all in readiness for the wearer. Meanwhile Mrs. Sanns will procure seamstresses to dispatch the rest of your wardrobe, and she and Dinah will make all necessary household arrangements. I will speak to them on the subject this morning. Does Ellen like my plan?"

"Yes, dear Philip! Only I should like to be married in church and have Helen Campbell for one of my bridesmaids," looking shyly into his face.

"In all those matters you shall do just as you like, my darling," patting the soft oval of her cheek. "Now," —looking at his watch—"I must see Dinah and Mrs. Sanns, then be off, for I have some patients to visit this forenoon. Good-by, little love."

All a mother's infinite tenderness was in his voice and manner as he held her to his heart, and leaned his face down to hers. When he was gone Ellen ordered the phaeton and drove down to the parsonage to gain Helen's consent to act as one of the bridesmaids. The others were to be selected from Ellen's young acquaintances in her own church. She forestalled Helen's objections, on account of expense, by desiring her to accept the dress as a gift from her. In the midst of their confidential tete-a-tete Caddy rushed in breathlessly with a yellow canary clutched tightly between his chubby hands:

"Sisser Nelly! Looky 'ere, wot a boy div'd me! Ain't he nice?" dropping it in Helen's lap. With one convulsive quiver of the whole body the bird straightened itself out in the rigidity of death.

"O, Caddy, Caddy!" cried Helen. "You've killed the poor thing—squeezed the life out of it."

Caddy stood a moment regarding it with sorrowful gravity, then his face brightened a little:

"Spose he's we'll deaded?"

"Yes, dear! I'm afraid birdie will never sing any more."

"Didn't mean to. We's doin' t' av de mos' es' fun," the tears standing in the blue eyes.

"You shall have another one, Caddy, dear; that *will* sing, if you will promise not to *love* it too hard," said Ellen, to comfort him.

"I 'ants dis un," with a child's inconsistency.

The two girls went on with their interrupted tete-a-tete and Caddy slipped out unnoticed. A sudden thought had seized him. He stood on the front door-step and watched for the Doctor's horse and buggy, which he was accustomed to see go by almost every day. Presently he descried it sharply turn a corner and come trotting slowly by. Daniels had seen the phaeton and was driving more slowly, perhaps, on that account. Looking toward the house he saw the little urchin upon the door-step gesticulating with hands and feet, and screaming lustily:

"Docker—docker!"

He felt some apprehension, and, reining in, hurried up to the door.

"What is the matter, Caddy?"

"He's dead!" in a solemn half-whisper. "Tum in." "Ah!" Daniels thought, the blow has fallen. Poor Helen!" hastily following the child into the room where the two girls were sitting.

Their faces did not wear a very funereal aspect and he was completely puzzled, till Caddy solved the mystery by pointing to the dead bird and saying still in that solemn half-whisper: "Div 'im tum metain an' well 'im."

Daniels laughed long and heartily.

"You young rogue! I'll know better than to be taken in so easily next time."

He explained Caddy's maneuvre, but said nothing of his own apprehension; then passed on into Mr Campbell's room. Ellen declined her friend's urgent invitation to remain for lunch, and hastily took her departure. Late in the evening she encountered Dinah in the upper hall.

"Lor, honey! an' yer's gwine fur ter marry massa Philip! I's pow'fu' glad—specs ole Dinar ort ter 'ab a new gown fur de weddin', honey."

"And you *shall* have, Aunt Dinah. What would you like?"

"Well, honey. I's got a black satin. Specs a silk an' velvet'd haf a becomin' aspect."

"Don't you think that would be too heavy for this climate, aunt Dinah?" smiling slightly at the old negress' modest request. "Suppose I get you a nice piece of plain black silk, and have it becomingly made up. How would that suit you?"

"Sho' now, honey! I'se guine ter lieb dat 'tirely ter yo' taste, 'cept be sho' ter hab de train made ob ample 'mensions."

(To be Continued.)

The New York Sun says: "Ohio ends Cleveland, as North Carolina ended Greeley; and in the present case, as in the former, the great regret is over the madness and the catastrophe of the Democracy. The unfit and deluded candidate deserves his fate, but the wise and patriotic must sorrow at the calamity of the party, for it is the calamity of the country." The Sun is a leading Democratic journal, and knows what it is talking about.

It was that Democratic apostle Henry Clay Dean, who exclaimed in a State Democratic Convention: "D—n the Dutch." After all their calculations, estimates and statements of the German defection in Ohio, the result of the election is causing the Democrats all over the country to join in Dirty Shirt Dean's chorus, D—n the Dutch.

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POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Superior Judge.

WM. A. CHENEY, of Los Angeles, is the regular Republican nominee for Superior Judge of Los Angeles county.

For Assemblyman.

E. E. EDWARDS of Santa Ana is the regular Republican nominee for Assemblyman, Seventy-eighth Assembly District.

For Assemblyman.

HENRY T. HAZARD, of Los Angeles, is the regular Republican nominee for Assemblyman, Seventy-Seventh Assembly District.

For Sheriff.

GEO. E. GARD, of Los Angeles, is the regular Republican nominee for Sheriff.

For County Treasurer.

GEO. GEPHARD, of Los Angeles, is the regular Republican nominee for County Treasurer.

For County Clerk.

CHAS. H. DENSMORE, of Los Angeles, is the regular Republican nominee for County Clerk.

For Auditor.

A. A. MONTANO, of Los Angeles, is the regular Republican nominee for Auditor.

For Recorder.

BEN. E. WARD of Pasadena is the regular Republican nominee for County Recorder.

For Surveyor.

E. T. WRIGHT of Los Angeles is the regular Republican nominee for County Surveyor.

For Coroner.

DR. AND. MCFARLAND of Compton is the regular Republican nominee for County Coroner.

For Public Administrator.

J. A. FISHER of Los Angeles is the regular Republican nominee for Public Administrator.

For Township Constable.

JOHN C. CLINE of Los Angeles is the regular Republican nominee for Township Constable, Los Angeles township. Election November 4, 1884.

For Supervisor

ROBERT MCPHERSON, of Orange, is the regular Republican nominee for Supervisor, Fifth District.

For Supervisor.

MILTON LINDLEY, of Los Angeles, is the regular Republican nominee for Supervisor, Third District.

For Constable.

CHAS. H. PENNING, of Los Angeles, is the regular Republican nominee for Constable.

For Justice of the Peace.

RUDOLPH RANNEY, of Los Angeles, is the regular Republican nominee for Township Justice of the Peace.

For Township Justice.

DR. C. H. EDMONDS is the regular Republican nominee for Township Justice, San Antonio Township.

For City Justice.

H. C. AUSTIN, of Los Angeles, is the regular Republican nominee for City Justice.

For Supervisor.

OSCAR MACY, of Los Angeles, is the regular Republican nominee for Supervisor, Second District.

For Supervisor.

JAMES FOORD, of San Gabriel, is the regular Republican nominee for Supervisor, First District.

For Tax Collector.

EL. HAMMOND, of San Fernando, is the regular Republican nominee for Tax Collector.

INDEPENDENT.

For Assemblyman.

J. P. JAMES is the unanimous nominee of the Independent Anti-Monopoly Party for Assemblyman, Seventy-seventh District.

PROHIBITION.

RALPH ROGERS is the regular Prohibition nominee for Sheriff.

For County Auditor.

J. W. POTTS is the regular nominee of the Prohibition party for the office of County Auditor.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

For Township Justice.

ALFRED MOORE is the regular nominee of the People's Party for Township Justice.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

For Superior Judge.

H. M. SMITH (incumbent) is the regular Democratic nominee for Superior Judge.

For Superior Judge.

J. BROUSSEAU, of Los Angeles, is the regular Democratic nominee for Superior Judge.

For Assemblyman.

W. F. HEATHMAN is the regular Democratic nominee for Assemblyman, Seventy-seventh Assembly District.

For District Attorney.

THOS. B. BROWN, of Los Angeles, is the regular Democratic nominee for District Attorney.

For County Treasurer.

J. W. BROADED announces himself as the Democratic nominee for County Treasurer.

For County Clerk.

A. W. POTTS (incumbent) is the regular Democratic nominee for County Clerk.

For County Auditor.

A. E. SEPULVEDA, of Los Angeles, is the regular Democratic nominee for County Auditor.

For Justice of the Peace

J. C. MORGAN (incumbent) of Los Angeles is the Regular Democratic nominee for Justice of the Peace—City Court.

For Justice of the Peace.

R. A. LUND (incumbent) is the regular Democratic nominee for Justice of the Peace—Los Angeles Township.

For Coroner.

DR. H. NADEAU (incumbent) is the regular Democratic nominee for Coroner.

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☞ Largest house of the kind in Southern California.

S. W. LUITWIELER,

100 and 102 Los Angeles Street, - - - - Corner Requena Street.

oct8 d1m no1 wlm

H. T. Hollingsworth,

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.

Having purchased from GILES BROS. & CO. the entire stock of

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, Etc., Etc.,

Now at the corner of Spring and Court streets, will offer the same

At Prices Lower than the Lowest.

I make a specialty of Fine Watch Repairing, Manufacturing of Jewelry and Engraving.

H. T. HOLLINGSWORTH.

sep7tf

FRANK SHRIER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Imported, Key West and Domestic Cigars,

Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Cigarettes, Playing Cards, etc. Sole Agent for Pacific Coast for Havana, Midget and Princess Cigarettes.

100 and 102 North Spring Street, - - - Corner Market.

Special Inducements offered to the Jobbing Trade. [sep2 tf

CLOTHING, FURNITURE AND CARPETS.

RED HOT! RED HOT!

Our Name is Low Prices!

We want you to patronize our firm. We are kind to our customers, but the terror of our competitors.

THE NEW YORK CLOTHING HOUSE

Invites Everybody.

Our new stock of goods for the season is larger and better than ever before. Come and we will grant you a real, genuine bargain. We mean what we say. We shall sell you better goods, give you more styles, and more for the money than any and all of them. Our Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods are well worth inspecting. Remember that we carry the largest stock of Overcoats of every description of any house in Southern California.

HERMAN COHN,

New York Clothing House, - - - - - No. 134 North Main St.

Between Farmers' & Merchants' and Los Angeles Savings Banks.

REMOVAL SALE!

Before removing into our store, No. 13 and 15 North Spring street, we will at greatly reduced prices,

50 Extra Fine Walnut and Mahogany Bedroom Sets,

75 Medium Fine Walnut and Ash Bedroom Sets,

125 Low-priced Walnut, Cherry and Ash Bedroom Sets.

We have also made great reductions on Carpets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Mattings, Etc., Etc. Do not fail to call on us before purchasing.

O. T. BARKER & SONS,

322, 324 and 326 N. Main st., near Pico House.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

C. P. R. R.

FROM AND AFTER

November 1, 1884,

....FERRIES AND TRAINS....

Will be run by

PACIFIC STANDARD TIME.

As furnished by Messrs. Randolph & Co., 107 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
J. C. STUBBS, Gen. Traffic Manager.
A. N. TOWNE, Gen. Manager.

oct26 1w

S. P. R. R.

Time Schedule.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 31st, 1884.

Trains leave and are due to arrive at

LOS ANGELES

FOLLOW:

LEAVE FOR	DESTINATION.	ARRIVE FROM
7:00 p.m.	Colton	12:30p.m
*2:30 p.m.	Colton	†10:00 a.m.
15:30 p.m.	Colton	12:15 a.m
2:00 p.m.	Deming and El Paso	12:20p.m
8:15 p.m.	East	7:00 a.m
2:00 p.m.	El Paso and East	12:30p.m
12:50 p.m.	San Francisco	1:30p.m
8:00 a.m.	Port Harford	6:10p.m
2:30 p.m.	Santa Ana and Anaheim	8:30 a.m
9:30 a.m.	Santa Monica	8:15 a.m
12:0 p.m.	Santa Monica	†5:30p.m
*2:30 p.m.	Santa Monica	†4:00p.m
10:50 a.m.	Wilmington	1:30p.m
4:30 p.m.	Wilmington	9:05 a.m
10:0 a.m.	San Pedro	2:30 p.m
4:00 p.m.	San Pedro	9:00 a.m

†Sundays excepted. *Sundays only.

T. H. GOODMAN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
A. N. TOWNE, General Manager.
R. R. HEWITT, Assistant Superintendent, Los Angeles.

P. C. S. S. CO.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., General Agents, San Francisco.

SOUTHERN ROUTES.

TIME TABLE FOR OCTOBER.

Steamers.	COMING SOUTH. Leave San Francisco.	COMING SOUTH. Arrive San Pedro.	GOING NORTH. Leave San Pedro.	GOING NORTH. Arrive San Francisco.
Santa Rosa	Sept. 30	Oct. 3	Oct. 4	Oct. 6
Los Angeles	Oct. 3	" 6	" 7	" 9
Orizaba	" 6	" 9	" 10	" 11
Eureka	" 7	" 9	" 10	" 13
Santa Rosa	" 10	" 13	" 14	" 16
Los Angeles	" 13	" 16	" 17	" 19
Orizaba	" 14	" 17	" 18	" 21
Eureka	" 17	" 19	" 20	" 23
Santa Rosa	" 20	" 23	" 24	" 26
Los Angeles	" 23	" 26	" 27	" 28
Orizaba	" 24	" 27	" 28	" 31
Eureka	" 27	" 29	" 30	Nov. 2
Santa Rosa	" 30	Nov. 1	Nov. 2	" 4
Los Angeles	Nov. 2	" 4	" 5	" 7

Steamers Santa Rosa and Orizaba go through to San Diego, leaving San Pedro on the dates of their arrivals from San Francisco.

The Santa Rosa and Orizaba call at Santa Barbara and Port Harford (San Luis Obispo) only on the route to and from San Francisco.

Cars to connect with steamers leave S. P. R. R. depot, Los Angeles, as follows:

With Santa Rosa and Orizaba, going north, at 10 o'clock a. m., going south, at 10 o'clock a. m.

With Los Angeles and Eureka, going north, at 10 o'clock a. m., railroad time.

Rates of Fare

FROM LOS ANGELES.

	Cabin.	Steerage.
To San Francisco	$15 00	$10 00
FROM SAN PEDRO WHARF		
To Monterey or Santa Cruz	14 00	9 50
To San Simeon	12 00	9 00
To Cayucos	11 00	9 00
To Port Harford	10 50	8 00
To Gaviota	9 00	7 00
To Santa Barbara	6 00	4 00
To San Buenaventura	5 00	4 00
To San Diego	8 00	4 00

Plans of steamers' cabins at agent's office, where berths may be secured.

Port Newport Landing, via Santa Cruz, etc., freight steamers leave San Francisco about every two weeks, as tides serve on the Newport bar.

The Company reserves the right to change the steamers or their days of sailing.

☞ For passage or freight as above, or for tickets to and from all important points in Europe, apply to H. McLELLAN, Agent, office No. 6 Commercial street, Los Angeles. mar4-tf

The Celebrated Thoroughbred Jersey Bull,

"*BLYTHE, JR.*"

Will make the present season at the Golden Rain Thoroughbred Stock and Poultry Ranch of CHARLES W. DAVIS, on Washington street, west of Figueroa.

jly16

MISCELLANEOUS.

Lacy & Viereck Hardware Co.

—Sole Agents for—

Bismark and Judson Ranges, Burdett, Smith & Co.'s Nursing Stoves, Jennings' All-China Water Closets, Silver & Deming's Pumps, "Gilbert's" Stationary Knob Locks.

Akron Vitrified Stone Sewer Pipe

The finest and smoothest sewer pipe on the Pacific Coast.

LARGE INVOICES OF AGATE AND STAMPED WARE

Just Received from Factory. A Complete Stock of

Builders' Hardware and Mechanics' Tools.

Plumbers' Supplies a Specialty.

Lowest Quotations Furnished on Application.

Lacy & Viereck Hardware Co.

119 and 121 Los Angeles Street.

oct1 tf

—IF YOU WANT A—

Range, Gasoline or Oil Stove,

Do not buy until you have seen the

Best Assortment in the City

—AT—

CHAPMAN & PAUL'S

—DEALERS IN—

Stoves, Hardware, Tinware,

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,

OIL AND GASOLINE

—ALSO—

Plumbing & Tin-roofing

"THE GLENWOOD."

12 and 14 Commercial Street.

mh21 tf

DR. U. SMITH,

31 North Main Street.

Gold Fillings

From the smallest to entire crowns, and with gold guaranteed to stand the test of time and use.

Artificial Tooth Inserted

On rubber, celluloid, gutta percha and gold. Gold, for health and comfort, is preferable.

Painless Extraction.

DR. SMITH has recently invented and constructed an improved apparatus that will ONE SECOND, make the most aching teeth and the most painful gums as insensible as a log. This makes teeth extracting in all cases children and adults—absolutely painless.

ABERNETHY & CO.

CLOTHIERS!

73 North Spring Street, - - - Los Angeles.

Men's Suits, Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Furnishing Goods, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, Etc., Etc., Etc.

FALL STOCK ARRIVING!

KERCKHOFF, CUZNER MILL AND LUMBER CO.

—DEALERS IN—

LUMBER, DOORS, BLINDS,

WINDOWS, MOULDINGS, LATH, PICKETS, SHINGLES,

PLASTER PARIS, CEMENT & HAIR

Corner Alameda and Macy Streets, Los Angeles, Cal.

HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA OF EASTERN HARDWOODS such as OAK, HICKORY, ASH, WALNUT and POPLAR, which we offer at San Francisco prices. Also PARQUETRY FLOORING, made of MAHOGANY, ROSEWOOD, WALNUT and ASH, in a variety of patterns.

SAN PEDRO LUMBER COMPANY,

San Pedro, Los Angeles Co., Cal.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Lumber Dealers.

MERICK | REYNOLDS, Resident Partners

San Pedro, Cal.

sep1 tf

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THE COURTHOUSE RING.

Proofs of Democratic Extravagance in County Offices.

TURN THE "ABLE ADMINISTRATORS" OUT.

How Affairs in the Office of the Recorder Have Been Conducted—Waste of the People's Money Right and Left.

Following is a verified statement, prepared from the records by one who knows whereof he speaks, which, so far as it relates to the Recorder's office, is republished for the information of the tax-burdened people of Los Angeles county, together with additional facts bearing upon that office. The facts and figures given constitute a bitter commentary on the Courthouse leeches' claim of "Democracy and Reform:"

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My attention has been called lately to the "able administration" of the offices of this county by the Democratic incumbents.

By insinuation, the organ of the Democracy would have the citizens of this county believe that Republicans who have held office in this county have been defaulters, if not thieves.

I wish to show from the records of this county how the offices have been administered, or misadministered, under the rule of the Courthouse ring, parading under the name of "Democracy and Reform."

Let us take the office of County Recorder. This office was held by Mr. Charles E. Miles, the present incumbent, from 1874 to 1880—a term of six years; then by C. C. Lamb, a Republican, from January, 1880, to January, 1883, when Mr. Miles again took possession of the office, making in all a service of eight years for him.

Let us compare the last year of Mr. Lamb's administration with the present year of Mr. Miles's.

The

HING, FURNITURE AND CARPETS. 3

HOT! RED HOT!

lame is Low Prices!

patronize our firm. We are kind to our customers, but the terror of our competitors.

W YORK CLOTHING HOUSE

ites Everybody.

is larger and better than ever before. Come and we will greet you with a say. We shall sell you better goods, give you more styles, and more value Our Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods are well worth inspection. Re Overcoats of every description of any house in Southern California.

RMAN COHN,

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t Merchants' and Los Angeles Savings Banks.

VAL SALE!

core, No. 13 and 15 North Spring street, we offer, greatly reduced prices,

alnut and Mahogany Bedroom Sets.
Walnut and Ash Bedroom Sets.
Walnut, Cherry and Ash Bedroom Sets.

uctions on Carpets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Mattings, not fail to call on us before purchasing.

ARKER & SONS,

6 N. Main st., near Pico House.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Lacy & Viereck Hardware Co.,

—Sole Agents for—

smark and Judson Ranges, Burdett, Smith & Co.'s Heating Stoves, Jennings' All-China Water Closets, Silver & Deming's Pumps, "Gilbert's" Stationary Knob Locks.

kron Vitrified Stone Sewer Pipe,

The finest and smoothest sewer pipe on the Pacific Coast.

ARGE INVOICES OF AGATE AND STAMPED WARE,

Just Received from Factory. A Complete Stock of

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Plumbers' Supplies a Specialty.

Lowest Quotations Furnished on Application.

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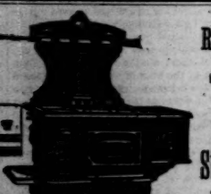
—IF YOU WANT A—



Range, Gasoline or Oil Stove,

Do not buy until you have seen the

Best Assortment in the City

AT

CHAPMAN & PAUL'S,

—DEALERS IN—

Stoves, Hardware, Tinwar

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.

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Gold Fillings

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Artificial Teeth Inserted

On rubber, celluloid, gutta percha, silver and gold. Gold, for health and durability, is preferable.

Painless Extraction.

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Let us compare the last year of Mr. Lamb's administration with the present year of Mr. Miles's.

The expenses of the office for the first nine months of 1882, under Mr. Lamb, were $6,250.83.

For the first nine months of the present year, under Mr. Miles, the expenses of the office were $11,026.39.

The expenses of the full year, 1882, under Mr. Lamb, were $8,625.45.

For the year 1884, the last three months estimated, under Mr. Miles, the expenses are shown to be $14,476.36.

Take the receipts for November, 1883, viz., $1,635.25, under Mr. Lamb, and the receipts for August, 1884, under Mr. Miles, viz., $1,647, and compare the expenses, under Lamb, $747.50; under Miles, $1,150.

Take December, 1882, under Lamb, receipts, $1,785.80; September, 1884, under Miles, receipts, $1,781.20; and again compare expenses where receipts are equal, and we find under Lamb, expenses, $890; under Miles, $1,165; showing that it cost 40 per cent. more to do the same amount of work under Democratic rule than it did under Republican rule. How does that look?

Have the tax-payers suffered?

Has the Democratic party reformed the administration of the Recorder's office?

Under Mr. Lamb's administration the Board of Supervisors required the copyists of the Recorder's office to do at least fifty folios per day for a salary of $84.50 per month, and the Recorder was required to certify that each copyist had transcribed 1,300 folios before their accounts were audited.

Under Mr. Miles the copyists do not average more than thirty folios per day, and receive the same salary.

Under Mr. Lamb the chief deputy received the full salary allowed by law, one hundred and twenty-five dollars per month, and the other deputy eighty dollars per month. Mr. Miles has four deputies receiving the following salaries: Chief deputy, $125 per month; two deputies at $100 each, and one $80 per month.

Under Mr. Lamb the Board only allowed an average of four copyists, while Mr. Miles has been allowed eight, and many of these have drawn pay for extra work over their $80 per month.

These figures have been taken from the recorded reports of Mr. Lamb and Mr. Miles, except for the months of June, July, August and September, 1884. Mr. Miles does not state the expenses of his office, which, however, average about $1,200 per month.

The County Government bill, passed by a Democratic Legislature in 1883, fixed the salary of the Recorder of Los Angeles county at $9,000, out of which salary is to be paid all the expenses and salaries of deputies and copyists.

If the $14,476.36 was legitimately expended by Mr. Miles in running the Recorder's office for the year 1884, why is he a candidate for re-election when he will be forced to run it for $9,000, or at a loss of over $5,000.

INVESTIGATOR.

The tax-payers of Los Angeles county will read the above record of the administration of the affairs of the Recorder's office under Democratic rule with amazement. These serious revelations ought to be sufficient to send them to the polls on Tuesday next with the name of Ben E. Ward on their tickets, irrespective of party, for the office of County Recorder. He is sober and industrious. He is honest. He is fully competent. He will make a good officer, will not waste the people's money and should be elected.

THE COURTS.

SATURDAY, NOV. 1.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Judge Smith.*

George E. Ranger, a native of Canada: Naturalized.

Estate of E. R. Chappelow, deceased: Continued until November 5th, at 10 a. m.

Estate of T. Yorba, deceased: Petition for sale of real estate. Continued till Monday, at 10 a. m.

TOWNSHIP COURT—*Justice Ling.*

William Robertson and four others, charged with burglary, were dismissed. One Patterson was held in $600 bail.

L. G. French: Battery. Fined $10.

CITY JUSTICE COURT—*Judge Morgan.*

William Wilson: Petit larceny. Convicted. November 3d set for sentence.

Systematic Lying.

Leavenworth Times: Three infamous Democratic calumnies and forgeries against Mr. Blaine were squelched in Ohio all in one day, and it wasn't an unusual day for Democratic lying, either.

Evansville Journal: As the campaign of forgery and abuse failed to defeat Garfield, so will this campaign fail to defeat James G. Blaine, who will be the people's President of the United States.

Pittsburg Commercial Gazette: Those who want to find the meanest misrepresentations, the most cowardly slanders and the most contemptible calumnies of the campaign, and want to get them fresh, should read the independent Republican papers. From them they are filtered out to the public through the Democratic press.

The fact remains that a political campaign cannot hold a candle for rancorous hate and baleful language to a baking powder war.—[St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Thomas A. Hendricks, in his last speech, referred to the voters of this land as his equals. If they are Mr. Hendricks must have improved considerably of late.—[Chicago News.

Steubenville Herald: The Neal Dow forgery is still doing service in Democratic newspapers. It was published by the Democratic papers in this vicinity after it was known to be a forgery.

KINNEY.

Some Tough Questions Put to the Would-be Assemblyman.

AN OPEN LETTER.

To Abbot Kinney—SIR: As you are now a candidate for member of the State Legislature, aspiring to represent the Seventy-sixth Assembly District, and engaged in making an active canvass, sundry of your neighbors and constituents deem it right and proper to address you an open letter propounding certain questions which it is desirable should in some manner be answered so that they may vote intelligently at the coming election. The public demand that its servants bear an unimpeachable character, and believe, also, that his political principles should be well defined and thoroughly understood, and to that end this communication is addressed you in hopes that in what now appears enveloped by a cloud of doubt and uncertainty a plain and comprehensive explanation can be made. Following are the questions referred to:

Did you not seek the nomination for Congress as against Mr. Del Valle, and did you not do all you could against that gentleman out of chagrin and disappointment until nominated yourself for member of Assembly?

Have you not announced yourself as a believer in the necessity of a "servile race," applying the term to foreigners coming to the United States?

Have you not constantly employed, and still employ, Chinese on your ranch, to the exclusion of white laborers, while pretending to uphold a platform which condemns such employment? If you violate party faith in this matter can your public acts be relied upon?

You have stated, in open discussion, that you "never knew of a man going Congress except he went in his own interest." Was it in your "own interest" you sought the nomination to Congress, and is it not in furtherance of your "own interest," as against your neighbors, that you now seek an election to the Assembly?

Is it not a fact that the so-called arguments you advance in your public speeches regarding the privilege of filing on water on public land are the veriest sophistry intended as a justification of your uniform course in aiming to get possession of all the water on public or private domain, such defense having been found necessary? Does not your intelligence teach you this?

Is it true, that having been foiled in an attempt at purloining the water from the Santa Anita canyon and the San Gabriel river, you have since promised to aid a tunnel scheme for diverting the water of the river and promised other parties to operate in the same scheme?

It has been stated on numerous occasions that you have never, since your residence in this county, had business relations with any person but you had trouble in adjusting a settlement. Is it true that all of those persons were rascals and you alone correct and honest, or was it, as has been asserted, your greedy and avaricious desire for gain at the expense of a character for fair dealing?

It is said you became a member of an association at San Gabriel, organized to protect orange groves and vineyards from destruction by the scale pest. As this is of vital public interest—equal in all respects to water rights—will you kindly inform your neighbors of your connection with the association and the conditions under which the assessments for necessary expenses are paid, whether refused first and paid after a nomination for the Assembly?

It is generally understood that in Kinneloa you have a valuable and magnificent property. It is known that this same property was formerly in the possession of Mr. J. H. Seabury, an old gentleman in the decline of life, who rescued it from a hillside waste and made it an elegant place of abode. There are strange stories afloat as to the manner of your ownership. Did you acquire title by open purchase in an honorable business way, or did you quietly buy up claims against it, then foreclose and force off its aged owner and deprive him of an opportunity to protect his home? There are those who believe this in the absence of a denial. Your constituents are loth to believe that a candidate for the Assembly of California would demean himself by so unsavory a transaction.

There are many other subjects raised and discussed at this time, bearing on the same general subject, but the above are the most important, and a plain answer will have abundant effect when the ballots are counted on the evening of November 4th.

We have the honor to remain

Very truly yours,

MANY CITIZENS.

SAN GABRIEL, Oct. 29, 1884.

[It is understood that this "open letter" reflects the views, more or less fully in some or all of its points, of such well-known citizens as E. J. Baldwin, N. C. Carter, J. F. Crank, H. A. Unruh, L. Lichtenberger, George Rice, and many other solid men of San Gabriel, Pasadena and Los Angeles.]

A Word to the Wise.

From the Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.]

Congress Water, with a wink in it is said to make the feet sore after 12 p. m.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Stocks and Bonds.

By Telegraph to The Times.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Governments strong. Railways weak in early dealings, but closed strong. Stocks opened weak and declined ½ to ¾ per cent in general list and 1½ in Reading. A reduction in passenger rates exerted an unfavorable effect. Near midday market began to improve. Market closed strong at the highest figures of the day. Compared with last night's closing, prices are ½ to ¾ higher, except for Missouri Pacific, Erie and Reading, which are ¼ to 1 per cent lower.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Money, easy, 1@1½. Prime paper, 4@6. Exchange bills weak, 480; demand, 483½.

Wool dull, heavy.

Petroleum firm; 72¾c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	NEW YORK, November 1.		
3 per cents	100½	Or. Navigation	67
4s per cents	112¾	Transcontinental	12¾
4 per cents	124	Or. Imp'ment	15
Central Pacific	38	Pacific Mail	32½
Denver & R G	8¾	Panama	98
Kansas & Texas	15¾	Texas Pacific	9¾
Northern Pac	18¾	Union Pacific	54¾
N P preferred	43	United States	52
Northwestern	86½	Fargo	100
N. Y. Central	85¾	Western Union	60¾

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK MARKET.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 1.

Bast and Belcher	1 50	Navajo	3 75
Gholiar	1 95	Ophir	75
Ocean Point	95	Potosi	1 00
Gould and Curry	90	Savage	1 25
Grand Prize	15	Sierra Nevada	90
Hale and N	3 10	Union Con	75
Mexican	90		

Grain Market.

By Telegraph to The Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.—Wheat, firm, quiet; buyer season, $1 37½@1 37½. Barley, firm, quiet; seller, 90c; seller season, 95½c; buyer, $1 05; buyer season, $1 12½@1 12½.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 1.—Wheat, dull, pressed; No 1 California, 6s 7d@6s 10d; Winter, 6s 10d@6s 4d. Corn, firm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N. Y.

H. BULLER, Pres't. J. J. WOODWORTH, Sec

L. A. STORAGE, COMMISSION And Lumber Co.,

Old Santa Monica R. R. Depot,

SAN PEDRO St., LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Santa Cruz Lime

ENGLISH AND EASTERN CEMENT,

Plaster, Plastering Hair,

Fire-Brick, etc.

Also a full line of second quality OREGON PINE and REDWOOD LUMBER, SHINGLES LATHS, SHAKES, Etc. au31tf

EDUCATIONAL.

St. Paul's School

FOR BOYS AND YOUNG MEN. THE REV. Elias Birdsall, Rector; the Rev. Edward McManus, Principal. This school opens for the reception of pupils on Monday, Nov. 3d, at 9 a. m. Application should be made to the Rector at the vestry of St. Paul's church between the hours of 11 a. m. and 12 m., or to the Principal. oct21tm

PEOPLE'S COLLEGE,

Chautauqua Assembly

—OF—

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

President.....DR. CLARK WHITTIER Of Riverside, Cal.

Secretary.....REV. S. J. FLEMING Of Ontario, Cal.

First Vice-President.....MRS. MORE Of Los Angeles, Cal.

Treasurer.....MRS. DR. COCHRAN

Permanently organized to hold annual meetings at Long Beach, Cal.

It is the desire of the Assembly to organize local circles of the C. L. S. C. in each town and city in Southern California and to this end solicits the addresses of all evangelical ministers and educators.

For full information, address the Secretary, Rev. S. J. Fleming, at Ontario, Cal. sep11 tm

WOODBURY'S

BUSINESS COLLEGE,

316 North Main Street,

Near Pico House, LOS ANGELES.

F. C. WOODBURY, Proprietor and Manager of Heald's Business College, San Francisco, for the past seventeen years, now opened

A First-Class Business College

Where Young Men and Ladies can acquire a THOROUGH, PRACTICAL

BUSINESS EDUCATION.

For particulars, address

F. C. WOODBURY & CO., P. O. Box 1957, Los Angeles, Cal. jl7 6m

HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, ETC.

The Commercial Restaurant,

V. DOL, PROPRIETOR, DOWNEY BLOCK, Main street, receives alive and serves up every day the choicest fish, including Sole, Turbot and Sea Trout. Mr. Dol is the exclusive consignee of the celebrated Fromage de Bris, which can only be had at this restaurant.

Spring Chickens, just in from the ranches, cooked in every style.

This restaurant is the Los Angeles' Delmonico. oct8 tf

IRON-SULPHUR SPRINGS,

Annual Health and Pleasure Resort,

THIRTEEN MILES FROM LOS ANGELES, two miles from Sorwalk station, on Santa Ana Railroad. Free hack to hotel. Chalybeate, Sulphur and Magnesia; also pure mountain drinking waters. The best of hot and cold mineral baths and electric baths.

These mineral waters and baths are

EXCELLENT FOR DYSPEPSIA,

RHEUMATISM, DISEASES OF THE

BLOOD, LIVER AND KIDNEYS.

Hotel and cottages open all the year. Board and lodging $2 per day, $8 to $12 per week.

DR. C. T. WIDNEY, Pres. Co.

CHAS. BUSBY, Clerk of Hotel, Fulton Wells Postoffice. oct24 1m

WE ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH AND put in perfect working order

Electric Call Bells, Annunciators, Burglar Alarms, Electric Gas Lighting Apparatus, etc.,

At the very lowest prices. Electric Bells for front doors are just the thing. Please examine the stock. W. C. FURREY, 59 and 61 N. Spring Street

jel0 tf

BOARD AT SIERRA MADRE.

ELEVATION 1200 FT. PARTIES WISHING to enjoy the best air of a residence in the foothills, will be able to obtain first-class board as well as the quiet and comfort of home life at "Edgemont," one mile east of Sierra Madre Villa. Parties met at Pasadena or San Gabriel. Address MRS. M. C. MUNT, Sierra Madre, Cal., or Lock Box 125, Pasadena, Cal. oct17 1m

NEW TOURISTS' MAP

OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA FURNISHED free. Call on or address the

ELSINORE LAND CO., Rooms 36 and 37, Nadeau Block, Los Angeles, Cal. oct 1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

The 76 Land and Water Company

OF FRESNO AND TULARE COUNTIES.

CHOICE

Fruit, Vine, Alfalfa

—AND—

GRAIN LANDS

With Water for Irrigation.

Location—The lands of the 76 Land and Water Company are located in Fresno and Tulare counties, California.

Water—These lands are irrigated by the 76 Canal, which takes its water out of King's River, above all ditches, in 160 feet wide on bottom, with capacity to irrigate 250,000 acres of land.

Quality—The soil varies in character, among which are the celebrated Red Land, White Ash or Pumice, Sandy and Clayey Loam and Dry Bog.

Adaptation—Grapes (wine and raisin,) all varieties of Fruit, Alfalfa, Corn, Potatoes, Wheat, Barley, Broom Corn, etc., etc., all of which can be produced in immense quantities.

Health—One of the most healthy locations in the State; summer days warm, but not oppressive; nights cool.

Leasing—Lands with water, for term of years, for cash or portion of crop.

Colony Lots in tracts of 20 acres each adapted to fruit and vines, within one mile of R. R. station at Traver, at $40 per acre, with permanent water rights.

Prices—From $10 00 to $40 00 per acre, with permanent Water Right included.

Terms—One-fourth cash; balance in 3 years, interest 8 per cent. per annum.

Title—Perfect. U. S. Patent.

Values—Lands are rapidly enhancing in value, and no better opportunity can be found for sale investments.

For further particulars and pamphlet, address

KITCHENER & BAKER,

Agents 76 Land and Water Co., Traver, Tulare Co. Cal.

au7 6m

The Pomona

LAND and WATER CO.

Offers for Sale several thousand Acres of

Choice Fruit and Grape Land.

The tract occupies one of the most beautiful and prolific valleys in California, with an average elevation of 1 thousand feet above the level of the sea.

For Health, Fertility and Productiveness

This valley is unsurpassed. Both soil and climate are equally adapted to all kinds of Fruits, Cereals and Vegetables.

The Water Supply is Abundant,

And facilities for irrigation superior. The water is also unsurpassed in purity and softness

The Climate

Is one of the healthiest in Southern California. The location is peculiarly exempt from dry or boisterous winds or frosts, and is especially adapted to those suffering from throat or lung diseases, and those in delicate health from whatever cause. There could not be a more favorable location for

Desirable and Charming Homes

Pomona is on the Southern Pacific Railroad, thirty-two miles east of Los Angeles, and is a flourishing town of fifteen hundred inhabitants, with churches, schools and business facilities of every kind. The land will be divided into tracts of forty acres and less, and will be sold, with water, at from

$75 to $150 Per Acre,

According to location and quality. ☞All inquiries will be promptly answered. Address

Pomona Land & Water Company,

oct19-ed3m Pomona Los Angeles Co., Cal.

W. S. MORFORD, JR. W. S. MORFORD.

MORFORD & SON,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

(No. 110 N. Spring Street, Temple Block.)

Houses, Orange Groves, Vineyards, RANCHOS AND FARMS

FOR SALE AND TO LET.

Refer by permission to I. B. Toberman, ex-Mayor; Gen. George Stoneman, Governor; John E. Plater, President L. A. County Bank; J. DeBarth Shorb, Manager; R. S. Baker, Vice-President L. A. County Bank; I. W. Hellman, President Farmers and Merchants Bank; E. J. Spence, President First National Bank; Gen. John Mansfield, ex-Lieut. Gov. d7tf

Lee Ching Chung

& CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in Rice, sugar, Tea, Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods. Also, Chinese Employment Office, 1½ Upper Main street, Los Angeles Cal. oct26tf

HARTHORN & BROWN,

Dealers in

HAY, GRAIN AND MILL FEED,

32 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

Lowest Prices.....Free Delivery

oct26 1mo

BUTCHER SHOP.

199 UPPER MAIN STREET.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR HOGS. ALSO have constantly on hand choice fresh pork and lard. Please give us a call. oct1 1m

Barber Shop.

FRED DOHS HAS OPENED THE FOUNtain Barber Shop. Shaving on week days 10c.; Sundays 15c. All my friends are invited to call and see me. 24 S. Spring street. FRED DOHS. oct28 1m.

FRESH POULTRY.

THE UNDERSIGNED RECEIVES DAILY from the country choice poultry for family use. Orders left with me will be promptly filled at lowest prices. Farmers bringing poultry are sure of good market and quick sales. A. D. MANION, 15 East First st. oct29 1m

PRINTING.

ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE — ADVERTISE

Advertise IN THE DAILY TIMES AND MAKE MONEY!

WISE DEALERS ACKNOWLEDGE THE ADVANTAGES ARISING FROM ADVERTISING IN THE COLUMNS OF A WIDELY CIRCULATED NEWSPAPER, BY THEIR CONTINUED PATRONAGE.

☞Do not order Printing of any character until prices have been obtained at the TIMES-MIRROR JOB PRINTING OFFICE. BOOK BINDING AND RULING Done on short notice.

BANKS.

Statement of Condition

OF THE

Farmers' & Merchants' Bank

OF LOS ANGELES,

At the close of business, Sept. 30th, 1884.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$74,356.13	
Cash on call and with banks	89,716.61	
Total cash		$ 424,072.73
United States 4 per cent. and other Government bonds		411,788.41
Loans and discounts		989,459.39
Real estate (including former bank building)		29,903.00
Vaults, safes and office furniture		6,472.39
		$1,863,337.92

LIABILITIES.

Capital (paid up)	$900,000.000	
Surplus and reserve	325,000.000	
Total capital		$ 525,000.00
Undivided profits		48,314.17
Due depositors		1,289,798.05
Dividends (declared and uncalled for)		2,145.00
		$1,863,337.92

Isaias W. Hellman, President, and John Milner, Secretary of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of Los Angeles, being severally duly sworn, each for himself says that the foregoing is true to his best knowledge and belief.

ISAIAS W. HELLMAN, President.

JOHN W. MILNER, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of October, A. D. 1884.

JAMES C. KAYS, Notary Public.

oct14 1m

First National Bank

OF LOS ANGELES.

CAPITAL STOCK.....$100,000

SURPLUS.....100,000

E. F. SPENCE.....President

WM. LACY.....Cashier

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Bicknell, J. F. Crank, H. Mabury O. S. Witherby, E. F. Spence.

STOCKHOLDERS.

Capt. A. H. Wilcox, O. S. Witherby, J. F. Crank, J. E. Holtenbeck, H. Mabury, Woods Mabury, J. D. Bicknell, Dr. R. H. McDonal, James McCoy, William Lacy, I. Lankershim, A. W. Harvey, S. H. Mott, E. F. Spence. oct17 F. Q. Story.

Farmers and Merchants' Bank

OF LOS ANGELES.

Established in 1868.

Capital.....$500,000

Surplus and Reserve Fund.....300,000

ISAIAS W. HELLMAN, President.

L. C. GOODWIN, Vice-President.

JOHN MILNER, Secretary.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Isaias W. Hellman, John S. Griffin, O. W. Childs, C. E. Thom, Phil. Garnier, J. E. Lankershim, C. Ducommun, Jose Mascarel.

EXCHANGE for sale on New York, London Frankfort, Dublin, Paris and Berlin.

Receive deposits and issue their certificates. Buy and sell Governments, State, County and City Bonds mar10-tf

Los Angeles Savings Bank,

No. 130 North Main Street.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - $100,000.

PRESIDENT.....L. C. GOODWIN

SECRETARY.....J. V. WACHTEL

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Isaias W. Hellman, Robt. S. Baker, John E. Plater, John A. Paxton, L. C. Goodwin.

Term Deposits will be received in sums of one hundred dollars and over.

Ordinary deposits in sums of ten dollars and over.

☞Money to loan on first-class real estate Los Angeles, July 1st, 1884. jly 14

Los Angeles County Bank,

MAIN STREET, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Capital Stock (paid up) : $100,000

Reserve Fund, : $205,000

JOHN E. PLATER.....President

B. S. BAKER.....Vice-President

H. MACNEIL.....Cashier

DIRECTORS.

J. S. Slauson, John E. Plater, John A. Paxton, Jotham Bixby, Robert S. Baker, Geo. W. Patterson, B. S. Baker, H. Sidney.

Carries on a General Banking and Collecting business. jl4 tf

GEO. H. BOUBEAKER, President; JOHN BIXBY, SR., Vice-President, F. C. HOWES, Cashier.

Los Angeles National Bank

No. 54 N. Main St. Los Angeles.

CAPITAL, $100,000.

DIRECTORS:

W. G. Cochran, Perry M. Green, H. Sinsabaugh, Col. H. H. Markham, John Bryson, Sr. F. C. Howes, Geo. H. Bonebrake.

Exchange for sale on all the principal cities of the United States and Europe. mh8 tf

LUMBER, COAL AND WOOD.

W. H. PERRY

Lumber and Mill Co.'s

Lumber Yard and Planing Mills,

6 COMMERCIAL STREET.

oct 1f

JAS. M. DAVIES, President. J. A. HENDERSON, Vice President. J. S. SMITH, Treas. W. F. MARSHALL, Sec

DAVIES-HENDERSON

Lumber Company,

Dealers in

Lumber and Building Material

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Yard, 180 First Street. sep20 tf

J. M. GRIFFITH & CO.,

Lumber Dealers,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Doors, Windows, Blinds, Stairs Stair Rail, Balusters Newell Posts and Mill Work

of every description, and dealers in

LIME, PLASTER HAIR, ETC., ETC.

No 532 North Alameda St. jly1f

T. WALSH,

Sell their lumber as low as the reduced prices of any lumber dealers in Los Angeles.

Lumber Yard & Planing Mills

SAN PEDRO ST., COR. SEVENTH,

LOS ANGELES, - - - CAL

Doors and Windows, Mouldings, Lath, Pickets, Shingles, Shakes, Posts, Lime and Cement.

Plaster of Paris, Hair and all Kinds of Mill Work. m3 tf

EXCURSIONS.

Phillips' California Excursions

A. PHILLIPS & CO. HAVE EXCURSION parties from Boston, Chicago and St. Louis monthly. If you have friends coming to California, send their address to A. Phillips & Co., No. 241 North Main street, Los Angeles. oc20tf

California Excursions.

TOLER'S CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS leave Chicago and St. Louis every month for California. If you have friends to come, leave their addresses at 19 Spring street, Los Angeles, and I will send them special information. W. H. TOLER. aug6tf

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS, COMBining cheapness, pleasure, comfort and enjoyment. Saves you half your passage money. As comfortable as any mode of travel yet devised. A picnic on the rail. Leaves the East for California once a month. Write your friends in the East about it. Address H. M. BAKER & CO., 54 Clark street, Chicago, or 18 Court street, Los Angeles, Cal. (Pomeroy & Miles' office.) S. STORM, Manager Los Angeles office. oct24 dim wtf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

14 ACRES, 8½ MILES FROM POSTOFFICE, south, with an ordinary story and a half house; 4 good stable for four horses, hayshed and corral; 45 bearing fruit trees; 200 grape vines; will take horses and wagons in payment for the same. Call at No. 2 Water street, East Los Angeles. DR. T. C. MARKS.

I also have 10 acres of good land, with flowing artesian well (garden land); price, $100 per acre; 8½ miles from Postoffice; no improvements on it; cash.

DR. T. C. MARKS, oct29 1w No. 20 Water st., East Los Angeles.

MISCELLANEOUS.

H. H. MARKHAM, President. E. P. JOHNSON, Secretary. C. H. BRADLEY, Vice-President. G. P. STAMM, Treasurer.

INCORPORATED AUGUST 1, 1881—CAPITAL, $100,000.

LOS ANGELES FURNITURE CO.

—SUCCESSORS TO—

DOTTER & BRADLEY,

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN—

FURNITURE, CARPETS

Wall Paper, Decorations, Etc.,

259, 261 N. Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.,

(OPPOSITE BAKER BLOCK.)

Are constantly receiving New Goods, and, on account of convenience in handling and having bought at reduced prices, they

Are Selling Lower than Ever.

Koster's Bakery,

Ice Cream and Coffee Parlors,

Will be opened

Wednesday, October 22.

—IN—

Hollenbeck Block,

Cor. Spring and Second. oct1

HAYDEN AND LEWIS COMPANY,

—MANUFACTURERS OF AND JOBBERS IN—

Carriage Trimmings, Harness and Shoe Leather, Findings, Etc.,

123 and 125 Los Angeles Street.

Factories at Newark, N.J., Auburn, N.Y., Columbus, O., St. Louis, Mo oct12 1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

Molecular Telephone Co.

OF NEW YORK.

Are now ready to lease their Cork Telephones and put up private lines from residences to places of business, etc.

These telephones are superior to any others in use, and will be put up at such reasonable rates as to bring them within the reach of all requiring telephones.

An exchange will be established upon a new and simple system, different from any other, which will reduce the cost of operating far below all other systems, as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers can be obtained.

The conditions in the agreements between the Molecular Telephone Company and subscriber covers validity to patents and protection to lessees.

Information can be obtained and orders for telephones left with

SPENCER K. SEWALL, Agent, Room 7, Ducommun Block, P. O. Box 393. Los Angeles.

☞Telephone on exhibit at office. oct3f

AUCTION

Sales!

By JOHN C. BELL & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

Stock and General Auctioneers

Office, over County Bank, Room 22. Temple Block.

AUCTION SALE.

The Dissolution Auction Sale of

Allen & Tompson.

Due notice of the sale of the balance of Furniture and Stock will be given, which will take place as soon as the balance of the Furniture and Stock can be set up and made ready. no25tf

DON'T BUY A RANGE

—Until you have seen the—

NEW MODEL MEDALLION

—The Best and Most Economical—

RANGE

EVER PUT ON THE MARKET!

☞Hardware, Rubber and Leather Belting, Rubber Hose, Cotton Hose, Iron Pipe, Pumps, Shovels, Spades, Forks and Rakes, Spray Pumps for the Scale Bug, Stamped Ware, Agate Ware, Tin and Steel Iron Ware (our own make). The

Best Selected Stock in Town,

And as low as can be bought anywhere.

Sanitary Plumbing, Metal Roofing.

Artesian Well Pipe a Specialty

—THE BEST STOCK OF—

Refrigerators, Water Filterers and Coolers

☞In the City, and the Cheapest! ☜

W. C. FURREY,

59 and 61 North Spring St.

Has No Equal!

Strongest, Purest, Best and Most Economical in the Market.

Never Varies in Quality.

Recommended to CONSUMERS by leading Physicians, Chemists and members of the San Francisco Board of Health.

—PREPARED BY THE—

BOTHIN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, SAN FRANCISCO AND SACRAMENTO.

Army and Navy Pensions.

THE BOARD OF UNITED STATES EXamining Surgeons hold regular meetings for the examination of applicants for pensions, at 10:30 a. m. on the first Wednesday of each month, in Widney Block, First street, between Main and Spring.

J. P. WIDNEY, M. D., President.

R. H. MAYNARD, M. D., Treasurer.

WALTER LINDLEY, M. D., Secretary. jel4 tf

Just Received.

ANOTHER $2,500 CAR-LOAD OF MANila. The finest assortment in Southern California, at J. A. BARROWS', 213 and 215 Los Angeles street. oct22 1m

MEDICAL.

ELECTRO - MAGNETIC

INSTITUTE.

Rooms 1, 2, 3 4, 5 and 6, Larrande Block, opposite Postoffice. Entrance on First street.

Dr. E. Robbins.

Medical Electrician, cures diseases that baffle the skill of other physicians.

—BY—

*Electricity, Galvanism, Electric and Medicated Vapor Baths

WANTS.

WANTED—BLOCK. A gentleman with this amount of capital can be one of an undertaking endorsed by the wealthy men of this city and county, and already assured of success. Address, immediately, with real name, principals only, A. B. C., Post-office, Los Angeles city. oct11 1f

WANTED—Immediately, an experienced girl for cooking and general housework; wages $20 a month. Call at 341 Hill st. oct7 tf

WANTED—Everybody to know that you can get a first-class job of house or sign painting at the very lowest prices at No. 19 New High street. oct7 tf

WANTED TO LOAN—$1,000 on city or country real estate. F. P. HOWARD & CO., Real Estate Agents, room 11 Wilcoxon Block, Main street. oct7 1f

WANTED—Garden work, tree and vine pruning, orchard work etc. Address Gardener, 159 New High.

WANTED—A good dressmaker, lately from San Francisco, would like work by the day. Room 13, Nadeau Block. oct7 3f

WANTED—A Norwegian, just arrived, wants to get employment in a family to wait and assist in the work. Can speak English and Spanish. Please address G. E., Times office. oct7 3t

WANTED—A gentleman, a thorough teacher of the usual English branches, as well as French, Spanish and shorthand; also violin, drawing to teach classes or would go to private residence. Apply to P. O. Box 1st. oct7 3t

WANTED—Situation by a middle-aged competent lady to take charge of hotel or housekeeper. Address 76 Main st., box 170

WANTED—A team of mated horses that can show a 2:40 gait; must be sound, kind, gentle, 7 to 10 years old. Thompson's Variety, Spring street, 9 a. m. to 2 p. m. oct6 3t

WANTED—A married couple, no children, to take charge of a lodging-house; must be of parties leaving the city; best of care given; first-class references. Address L. L., Times office. oct6 1w

WANTED—By an experienced lady agent, work with respectable business house in Los Angeles; can furnish best of references on character, or for all there's branches. Address A. F. A., Times office. oct6 1f

WANTED—To build cottages of three rooms for rent. By RIDER, 61 Hope st., between First and Second. oct6 1w

WANTED—Pack Brahma and buff Cochin pullets, also, Black Spanish cock. 1st at Agricultural Park. oct6 1f

WANTED—About November 5th, two or three unfurnished rooms to rent, price about $12 or $15. Address E. F. L., this office. oct6 1f

WANTED—A gentleman with from $1,000 to $2,500 cash capital, to buy an interest in an established, pleasant and profitable business. For full particulars address, Box 1,007, Los Angeles. oct6 1f

WANTED—The right man, to engage in the best business in the city; very little capital required. Call at 104 Spring st., room 1, up-stairs, and ask for Mr. Hall. oct6 1f

WANTED—First-class teacher in carpentry for rural school; the highest grade allowed. F. M. BARNAY, 5 Nadeau Block. oct6 1f

WANTED—Any position desiring loans, in city or country, on real estate, call on or address F. P. HOWARD & CO., Real Estate Agents, 129 N. Main st., opposite Pico House. oct6 1f

WANTED—Any person desiring Job Printing, Book-binding, Ruling, etc., to call on the Printing Bureau, No. 7 Temple street. A large and complete equipment in type and presses. Prices as low as any office, and work second to none. Estimates furnished on application. Names of book, pamphlet, poster and job printing only. oct6 1f

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FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A handsome, stylish and business horse, weighing about 1,000 lbs.; 10 years old; sound and kind; also, a good family horse, 7 years old. Inquire at 1st house south of Agricultural Park. oct6 3t

FOR SALE—Solid oak sucker hand-sewed seat, 7 inches high, made to order by Mueller Bros., 1st door south of Temple st. oct6 1w

FOR SALE—Two good family cows, fresh. Enquire of J. S. GATTERAS, in Oakville, 20 miles south Los Angeles. oct6 1w

FOR SALE—Best well built 4 drawbridge city wagon in the market. Apply to J. M. HANLY, 139 Broadway. oct6 1w

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A lone but choice lot of Los Angeles city property, well situated, for sale or exchange for a good improved ranch in southern California. Call for particulars on 2d st., between A and B streets, 2d ranch. oct6 3t

FOR SALE—At a bargain, Kingsley's Annual Directory of Los Angeles city and county for 1884. Inquire at Times office. oct6 1f

FOR SALE—At a bargain, an elegant black-walnut desk and book-case, with extension top, nearly new. Can be seen at 211 Hill street. oct6 1f

FOR SALE—Two gilded milch cows. No. 23 Bunker street. oct6 3t

FOR SALE—A bargain, $600 cash, or $700, payable $100 cash, balance $100 per month, at 10 per cent. interest, will buy the lot on the corner of Fifth and Hope streets, 50 feet front by 150 feet deep. Inquire on the premises. oct6 3t

FOR SALE—At a bargain, that beautiful residence lot, 50 feet front, on Hope street, between Fifth and Sixth streets. Cross-ties, new, and piles, 30ft. length, $2.25. Also, about 100 cords of wood. oct6 1f

FOR SALE—A fine young mare; can be driven single or double. 236 Requena st. oct6 3t

FOR SALE—Three chrome buff cows. One is a Jersey and Holstein cross. oct6 3t

FOR SALE—Or exchange for city property, 10 acres of land, adjoining Pasadena. Address Box 1001, city. oct6 1w

FOR SALE—One of the best chicken ranches in southern California, consisting of 10 acres, including house and barn, two young mares, one horse, 2 cows and calf, 1 spring-wagon, 1 buggy, 1 harness, 1 saddle, 1 sewing-machine, 1 cook-stove, 1 heating-stove, and all household furniture. Will be taken cheap. Address Box 1,000, city. oct6 1w

FOR SALE—Grocery and provision store, fixtures, 1 set of wheel of fortune, good trade, cheap rent. 1 horse, cheap rent. Address box 1,000, city. oct6 1w

FOR SALE—A carpenter's tenement, cheap, 1 P. E. Railroad, opposite office. 27 N. Main, Los Angeles. Oct. oct6 1f

FOR SALE—A good chicken fire thermometer, 4 ft. long, 1 in. wide, 1 in. thick, with 2 brass bands to fix into, or will trade for a good horse. For particulars address A. ALPHEUS HALL, Santa Monica. oct6 1w

FOR SALE—A handsome Bristol cart, in good order and nearly new; cheap for cash. Inquire at 1st house south of Agricultural Park. oct6 1f

FOR SALE—French-head pheasants and cannibals for sale; also, a few pairs of W. C. Bantams. Address, or call on, W. C. GIFFORD, Los Angeles. oct6 1w

FOR SALE—Mortgage, 3% interest to 10 years, on improved city property worth $5,000; security, $2,500. Address, P. O. Box 1,007, city. oct6 1f

FOR SALE—Two family horses, 1 gentle saddle horse, 1 set of harness, 1 buggy, 1 spring-wagon, 1 cow and calf, 1 sewing-machine, 1 cook-stove, 1 heating-stove, and all household furniture. Will be taken cheap. Address box 1,000, city. oct6 1w

FOR SALE—A new house, a good paying business, and a good lot, all for $1,500. Apply to P. O. BOX 1,007, city. oct6 1f

FOR SALE—A young horse, 4 years old, 15 hands high, weighing 1,000 lbs.; gentle for lady to drive. Inquire at 1st house south of Agricultural Park. oct6 1f

FOR SALE—A good business lot on Main st., between Second and Third, 50 feet front by 150 feet deep. Apply to P. O. Box 1,007, city. oct6 1f

FOR SALE—A new house, 5 rooms and bath, with all modern conveniences, on Bunker Hill, between Hope and Flower sts. Inquire at 1st house south of Agricultural Park. oct6 1f

FOR SALE—A 5-room house, with 2 lots, on Hope st., between Fifth and Sixth